FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 27, 1833. [NO. 847.

...LISHED, WEEKLY,
...d J. Hale,
..., if paid in advance;
...he year of subscrip-
...he end of the year.

...inserted for sixty cents
... & thirty cents for each
... Advertisers are request-
...f insertions desired, or
... till forbid, and charged

...must be post paid.

...School.

... will be opened in Moore
...ina, at the residence of
...t of October next. Mrs.
...tend Young Ladies in
... education:—Reading,
...graphy, with Mapping
... English Grammar, His-
...on, Painting, Drawing,
...d.
...e, or an analysis of some
... required of the Pupils
... Parents and Guardians
... every attention will be
... to their
...nners, as well as to their
...tal improvement.
...here will be
...ths each.
...he terms of
... to $9, va...
...he Pupil
...oard can
..., in some
...vicinity,
...bed, was...
...candles.
...GUS McCALLUM.
46 2w

...bing,

..., *neatly executed* by the
...or sale, on reasonable

..., Jewelry, &c.

...IELD.—*Brick Row.*
...REPAIRING particu-
...333. 45 1m.

...rgains! ...ins! Bargains!

...ew, Cheap ... Fashionable

...ATS, CAPS, ... SHOES, UMBREL-
...S, PARASOLS, ... S, CRAVAT STIFF-
...ERS, SUSPEN... LINEN COLLARS,
...ATER'S TRIMM... SOLE AND UPPER
...ATHER, BRIDL... HARNESS Do., SAD
...ES, BRIDLES, ... Viz:

... cases Hats, ... qualities,
... pair thick ... Brogans,
... do. Russet ... do.
... do. Kip ... do.
... do. do ... do. very cheap,
... do. fine ... ew York best style,
... do. do ... quality,
... do. do ... ditto,
... do. brid... s, 5's to 8's,
... do. ... , cheap and fashionable,
... do. ... , New York best,
... do. ... lity,
... do. ... itto,
... do. ... itto,
... do. bras... 5 to 12,
... do. kip ... ewed,
... do. children's ... Morocco Boots,
... do. do leather ... thick and thin sole,
... do. do prunella ... and Boots, assorted,
... do. Misses ... every description,
... do. Ladies prun... hoes, very neat,
... do. do ... slides) Slippers,
... do. do French ... Slippers, with slides,
... do. do ... do do do.
... do. black ... ers, (Ladies')
... do. black ... do.
... do. white ... ed (for particular
... oc...
... do. Ladies' ... oots, 1st & 2d quality,
... do. do ... 1s' & 2d do.
... do. do ... 1st & 2d do.
... do. Ladies' ...
... rymple's ... king,
... 3 doz. best ... s and Parasols,
... 1 doz. cotton ... cheap,
... tton Cards,
... 1 doz. Franklin ... ps,
... 1 do. boy's ... o.
... 1 do. Chinchilla ... do.
... 1 do. silk ... and bag do.
... 1 do. Orleans ...
... 2 do. men's ... Stocks,
... 2 do. do ... azine do. plain,
... 2 do. do ... do do. pleated,
... 2 do. do ... do do. bow,
... 2 do. do ... do. plain,
... 2 do. white ... do.
... 2 do. do ... bow,
... 2 do. cravat ...
... 5 do. linen ... ferent qualities,
... aloons ...
... sides a great ... of other GOODS in my
... too numerous ... tion. The above Goods
... just been ... from the North, and a
... many of ... nufactured expressly for
... all of which ... old very low, either at
... desale or retail.

G. HURLBUTT.
45-tf.

... replenish my stock by
... York.

...STORE.

... purchased the Stock of
...un'r, to which they intend
...rge assortment of every
...le for the season, with a
...which they are determin-
...ossible cash prices; and
...by Mr. Campbell's stand
...rs West of the Market
... and a strict attention to
...rit a share of public pa-

G McKINNELL,
R. N. McMILLAN.
...cKinnell & McMillan
...ceive and grant discharges
...; and those indebted are
...make immediate payment,

HUGH CAMPBELL, Jr.
45-tf.

...ER'S BLANKS
... at this Office.

MEDICAL COLLEGES.

University of Maryland.

THE *LECTURES* in the Medical Department of this Institution will commence on the last Monday of October, and continue until the first of March.

NATHANIEL POTTER, M. D.
Pathology and the Practice of Medicine.
RICHARD WILMOT HALL, M. D.
Obstetrics and the diseases of Women and Children.
NATHAN R. SMITH, M. D. *Surgery.*
JULIUS T. DUCATEL, M D.
Chemistry and Pharmacy.
E. GEDDINGS, M. D.
Anatomy and Physiology.
ROBLEY DUNGLISON, M D. *Materia Medica, Therapeutics, Hygiene, and Medical Jurisprudence.*

☞Clinical Lectures will be given at the Baltimore Infirmary, by the Professors of the Practice of Medicine and Surgery.

According to a recent enactment of the Roard of Trustees, Candidates for the degree of Doctor of Medicine are required to attend two full courses of the Lectures of each Professor in this Institution, or having attended one full course in some School where the same branches are taught, a second in this. It is understood, however, that those Students who have already attended one course of Lectures in the University of Maryland, shall be entitled to the privilege of graduation under the former regulations.

E. GEDDINGS, M. D., *Dean.*
Baltimore, July 5 1833. 45-41N.

Transylvania University.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

THE LECTURES in this institution will commence as usual, on the 1st Monday of November, and terminate on the first Saturday in March. The courses are—

Anatomy and Surgery, *by Dr. Dudley.*
Institutes of Medicine and Clinical Practice, *by Dr. Caldwell.*
Theory and Practice of Physic, *by Dr. Cooke.*
Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children, *by Dr Richardson.*
Materia Medica and Medical Botany, *by Dr Short*
Chemistry and Pharmacy, *by Dr. Yandell.*

During the entire term, the Professor of Anatomy and Surgery lectures nine times each week, and the other Professors daily, Sabbaths excepted; —The fees to the entire course, with matriculation and the use of the Library, amount to $110. —The graduation fee is $20.

The Cholera having left it, Lexington now enjoys its ordinary health.

By order of the Faculty,
C W. SHORT, M. D. *Dean.*
Lexington, (Ky.) July 27, 1833.—45-12w.

Medical College of Georgia.

THE LECTURES in this Institution situated at Augusta, will commence *on the third Monday, (the 21st) of next October*, and continue for *six* months.

The Professors are:

L. A. Dugas, M. D.—Of Anatomy and Physiology.
Jos A. Eve, M. D.—Therapeutics and Materia Medica.
L. D Ford, M. D.—Chemistry and Pharmacy.
M. Antony, M. D.—Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
A. Cunningham, M. D.—Institutes and Practice of Medicine.
Paul F. Eve, M. D.—Institutes and Practice of Surgery.
And George M. Newton, M. D.—Prosector and Demonstrator of Anatomy.

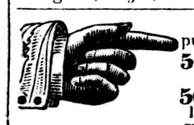
In addition to the above, Clinical Lectures will be delivered in the City Hospital, and every facility afforded the student for practical experience.

The fees are, for the six Tickets $100
Graduation, $10
Matriculation, $5

Good Board, with Lodging, may be obtained at $13 per month.

For particulars see Circular, issued in June.

AUGUSTUS B. LONGSTREET,
President of Board of Trustees.
L. D. FORD, Secretary.
Augusta, July 9, 1833. 44-6w.



The Subscriber wishes to purchase
5000 lbs. new Feathers,
—ALSO—
5000 lbs. Wool for which liberal prices will be given.
WILL. O. JEEFREYS.
July 23, 1833. tf.

Hair.

PLASTERER'S *HAIR* for sale by
JAS. G. COOK.
August 12, 1833 45-4t.

$100 Reward!

ABSCONDED from on board the Steamer John Walker, belonging to Doyle O'Hanlon, of Wilmington, No. Ca., about the beginning of May last, my negro man BILL; he is about five feet 8 or 9 inches high, spare though well made, of a yellow complexion, his mother having been a mulatto, he is an artful, sensible fellow, and likely, but appears simple and good natured, very slovenly and dirty in his clothing, he has thick lips with full face and apt to smile when spoken to; he is about 20 or 21 years of age. It is probable he may have forged papers, and will try to get to Pennsylvania or New York. I have reason to believe that he has been aided or enticed away, and will pay the above reward for the apprehension of the fellow, and the conviction of any person who may be proved guilty of harbouring or inducing him to runaway; or I will pay Fifty Dollars to any person who will deliver the fellow to me at this place, or Twenty Five Dollars for lodging him in any Jail so that I get him again. He is said to have stolen several articles of clothing belonging to hands that were in the same employ.

MARY McNEILL.
Fayetteville, N. C August 12, 1833—45-3t

Wanted,

A STEADY active YOUNG MAN, who has some knowledge of business, to take charge of a Store in this place. For particulars apply to the Subscriber.

JOHN CRUSOE.
Fayetteville, August 5, 1833. 44-4w.

LUMBER.

75,000 Feet of LUMBER, consisting of wide quarter Boards and Scantling of different sizes, for sale by the Subscriber, who will keep a constant supply of the various kinds at his Lumber Yard on Cool Spring street.

M. McGARY.
Fayetteville, August 6. 44-tf.

SODA WATER,

For sale by
R. MAYNARD & CO.
July 23, 1823. 42tf.

More New BOOKS.

RUSH'S Memoranda of a residence at the Court of London; Sydenham; The Buccaniers; Emma; Whigs of Scotland; Stolen child; Kidd's Treatise; No. 9 Scott's Novels, containing the Monastery; Vol. 2 complete of Scott's Novels; Lutheran Reformation; Pictures of Private Life; The Mother at home.

Just received by E. J. HALE.
August 5, 1833.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now receiving a new supply of

DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING, VIZ:

Extra blue, black, invisible green, mulberry, brown and mixt Cloths;—a variety of Silks, Fancy Prints, Ginghams, Fancy Muslins, Shirtings, Sheetings, Hats, Shoes, &c.

For Rent,

A Two story DWELLING HOUSE, on one of the principal streets, a few minutes walk from the Market House. It has recently been fitted up suitably for a genteel family. In the yard, is a well of water as good as any in the vicinity of Fayetteville, in rear of the building is an excellent garden under cultivation.

JOHN McARN.
July 30, 1833. 43-tf.

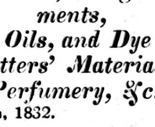
Sunday School Depository

THE Subscriber has just received a large assortment of

Sunday School Books,

Comprising a few copies of nearly every work issued by the American Sunday School Union, which will be sold very low. Orders from Sunday Schools thankfully received.

E. J. HALE.
June 10, 1833.



THE HIGH BLOODED HORSE
PETER PINDER,

WILL stand the ensuing season, to commence on the 20th inst., and end on the first of November, one mile from Fayetteville, at 10, 15, and 20 dollars. Risks as customary.

PETER is a blood bay horse, 15½ hands high, well formed,—his Pedigree as follows. He was sired by Sir William, he by old Archie, his dam was Witch, who was sired by Virginius, he by Diomede. Witch's dam was Morgiana, who was by the imported Spread Eagle, her dam by Melger, her g. dam, Yorick, g. g. dam by Little Davy, g. g. g. dam by Monton's Traveller, g. g. g. g. dam by the same Traveller, her g. g. g. g. g. dam was the imported mare Muslin Face. Melger was sired by old Medley, his dam by Wildair, g. dam by Vampire out of Kitty Fisher; Witch is also half sister to the celebrated mare Transport, the dam of Bertrand, Julia and Juliet. Letters and certificates of the Pedigree in my possession. Applications to Mr. J. Waddill, Jr., Fayetteville.

M. R. MOORE.
August 4, 1833. §44-4w.§

REMOVAL.

Dr. James M. Dickson,

HAS removed to the New Brick Building, on the East side of Green-street, directly opposite the Store of Messrs. Jno. Huske & Son, where he offers for sale on reasonable terms, for Cash, or approved credit, a General Assortment of

DRUGS and MEDICINES,
Shop Furniture, Surgical Instruments,
Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuffs,
Hatters' Materials,
Perfumery, &c.

October 15th, 1832. 2-tf

NEW STORE—NEW GOODS,

Cheap for Cash.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his frends and the public generally, that he has taken that old and well known Stand lately occupied by Mr. H. L. Jones, at the corner of Market Square and Gillespie street, where may be found at all times, a general and well selected Stock of

Boots and Shoes,

Fresh and direct from the Manufactories, consisting of Ladies' and Gentlemen's, Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of all kinds, selected particularly for the town trade, where Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Country Merchants would also do well to call and examine before purchasing, as my Stock is all fresh and good, and prices much reduced. By strict attention to business, he hopes to merit a share of public patronage. My Stock consists in part, of the following viz.

Ladies fine prunella and seal skin Slips, seal skin Bootees, Morocco Bootees and walking Shoes,
Misses' seal skin Bootees and Shoes.
Men's stout pegged Brogans,
Ditto ditto sewed ditto.
Ditto ditto ditto Shoes,
Ditto ditto pegged ditto,
Ditto fine calf sewed ditto,
Ditto ditto do do Shoetees,
Ditto fine calf sewed Boots,
Ditto ditto nailed ditto,
Ditto stout pegged ditto,
HATS—Men's and boys fine and wool Hats,
ALSO, an assortment of traveling Trunks & Bags,
FISH—A few boxes prime Cod Fish,
SOAP—50 boxes No. 1 bar Soap, a prime article,
A few boxes perfumed shaving ditto,
CARDS—Whittemore's No. 10 cotton Cards, and No. 6 wool,
ALSO, writing and letter Paper.

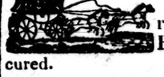
L. R. BRADLEY.
Fayetteville, March 2. 24tf.

LAFAYETTE HOTEL.

Fayetteville, N. Carolina.

THE Subscriber has leased the New Building erected near the site of the old Lafayette Hotel, on Hay Street, and is now prepared to accommodate Boarders and Travellers. The House is commodious, well ventilated and admirably adapted to the purpose for which it is intended. The Parlors are large, well furnished, and calculated for private families. The Stables, spacious, and shall be well provided.

The Subscriber feels thankful to his friends and the public for the patronage he has already received, and will endeavor by care and attention to the comfort of his guests, to merit and enjoy a continuation of the same. Cold and warm Baths attached to the Hotel, and *always* in readiness.



All the Stages arrive at and depart from the Hotel, where seats are secured.

J. W. COCHRAN.
June 1, 1833. 35tf.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber, grateful for the encouragement he has received in his business, begs leave to inform his customers and friends, that he has just received a new supply of

Spring and Summer Goods,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Blue, brown and olive CLOTHS,
Steel mixed, gray and striped Satinetts,
Rowen Cassimeres, Pittsborough Cord,
Princettas and black Buckram,
Providence Stripe, cotton Cord,
Russia Drill, imitation Russia Sheeting,
Red Padding, Canvass, Buckram,
Vestings of various patterns,
Dark Erminetts. French Drilling,
Printed Muslins, Canary Prints,
Super light Chintz Prints, dark fancy do.
Book, Mull, and Swiss Muslins,
Sarsnetts, Smchews, & bl'k & blue Gros-de-Naps,
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas,
Brown Shirting and Sheeting,
Bleeched do do.
Ready made Vests, Pantaloons, and Round-abouts,
Domestic Plaids and Bed Ticking,
Pink, purple and brown Cambric,

Crockery, Glass Ware & China,
Paints and Dye Stuffs,

CONSISTING OF

White Lead in Oil,
Black do do,
Red Lead, and bright Varnish,
Copal and coach ditto,
Spanish Brown and Spanish White,
Copperas, Spanish Brown and Madder,
Roll Brimstone, and Verdigris,
Lamp Black and bl'k leather Varnish, &c.

HARDWARE, consisting of

Knives and Forks, pocket and pen Knives,
Trace Chains and Halters,
Scythe Blades, 48, 50 and 52 inches,
Hoes and Axes,
Nails, Curry Combs and Drawing Knives,
Tin Trunks, long and short handle Pans.

GROCERIES, consisting of

Coffee, Sugar and Teas,
Salt, Molasses, and Spirits Turpentine,
Chocolate, Spice, Pepper and Ginger,
Pearl Barley and Pearl Ash,
Saltpetre, Alum, and London Mustard,
Bacon, Flour, and Lard,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Wines, Rum, Brandy and Whiskey.

All of which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce.

P. S.—On hand, a general assortment of LEATHER, consisting of Soal, Upper, and Harness Leather, Calf and Kip Skins, which will be sold or exchanged for raw Hides, at fair prices

JNO. C. LATTA.
Person street, 6th door East of Market Square.
April 18, 1833. 29tf.

New Store.

LEWIS & ROSS,

HAVE just opened, next door to Doct'r. Jordan's Drug Store (in Green Street, near Eccles' Bridge,) a new and splendid assortment of

Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING:

Rich fig'd Gros-de-Naps,
Coloured Florence Silks,
Blk and blue blk Marceline do,
Sinchews and Sarsnetts,
New style printed Muslins,
Do do Ginghams,
Calicoes of all kinds, some extra rich,
Crape Camblet, a superior article, for Gentlemen's Coats and Pantaloons,
Merino Cassimere,
Light Merseilles Vesting,
Rich fig'd Silk do,
Cambric Jackonet and Swiss Muslins,
Plaid and corded Cambrics,
New and splendid emb'd Crape dress Hdkffs,
Do do printed do do do,
Do do Gause do do do,
Do do 5-4 Crape Shawls,
Do do 5-4 Sewing Silk, do,
White and green Gause Veils,
Ladies' plain and fig'd border Hdkffs and Gentlemen's Silk do,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gloves,
Hosiery of all descriptions,
4-4 and 6-4 bed Tick,
3-4, 4-4 and 5-4 unbleached Muslins,
4-4 and 5-4 bleached do,
Domestic Stripes and Plaids,
Twilled do and Granderills,
Cotton and Madrass Hdkffs.

—ALSO—

Ladies' Leghorn and Dunstable Hats; Men's Palm leaf do; Combs of all sizes; Gentlemen's white and Blk Satin Beaver Hats; Ladies' Kid Morocco and Prunella Slippers; Gentlemen's Pumps and Calf Boots; Gentlemen's Stocks and Collars. *Also*, a few trunks SUMMER CLOTHING—in a word, all articles that are necessary to complete a good and desirable assortment of Goods—all of which will be sold at wholesale or retail at the lowest prices for *CASH.*

L. & R. will be constantly receiving additional supplies to their present stock, and hope by strict and persevering attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Fayetteville, April 7, 1833. §27-tf.§

RAW HIDES.

THE Subscribers have now on hand about one thousand pounds of HIDES, which they would exchange on reasonable terms for Cash or Country Produce. They expect to keep up as usual a supply of the article through the Winter and Spring.

I. BLAKE & SON.
July 29, 1833. 43-tf

Books and Stationary.

THE Subscriber is now receiving a large stock of Miscellaneous, Medical, Law, School, and Blank Books; Gilt and perfumed Letter and note Paper; Laid, vellum and plain Letter and Cap Papers, Fine Cutlery, Prints, Piano Music, &c. &c., selected by himself in New York and Philadelphia, which he will sell low; many articles he believes at a lower price than they can be had at any Book Store in the State. Country Merchants will be supplied at reasonable prices.

In offering to the public a larger stock of Books than has been seen in Fayetteville for many years, the subscriber confidently anticipates an increase of that liberal patronage which the public have extended to foster a respectable establishment of this kind in the chief commercial Town of North Carolina. No exertion will be spared to make it worthy of that patronage.

E. J. HALE.

A new book has lately been issued from the Press of the Harper's in New York, entitled "*Misserimus.*" This is a latin word, the definitions of which we find to be, miserable, wretched, woful, pitiful, afflictive, sick, affected, innocent, sorry, paltry, mean, abject and stingy. This is the most "villainous compound" of qualities for a book, that we ever heard of.

Wilmington Press.

From the Chinese Courier, March 20th.

PUNISHMENT IN CHINA.—Perhaps the most dreadful punishments are inflicted upon criminals in the "Celestial Empire," and crimes are probably here committed more frequently, than in any other country.

For murder of a parent or near relative, or for rebellion, the prisoner is made to undergo a punishment called Ling-che, which is performed by cutting him to pieces by degrees, commencing at the feet or hands. In case he has any relative who can bribe the executioner, the torture may be abridged, and his sufferings cease by piercing to the heart; at times this may be done for a small sum. Another punishment for the same offence is the following:—

The culprit is fastened with his back to a large cross, placed in the ground, with his hands and feet so tied that he cannot move an inch in any direction. An incision is then made across the forehead, and the skin pulled down over the eyes and face; then the feet, hands, legs, arms, and head, are successively cut off from the trunk, which is finally pierced to the heart. Beheading is a punishment for adultery, murder, &c. The prisoner is made to kneel (in some public place, but not exposed on a scaffold) towards the throne of the "Son of Heaven," and as if returning thanks for the punishment about to be received, he bows, and while raising his head, it is struck off by one blow of a sword; the head is then put into a cage, sent to the place where the crime was committed, and hung at the end of a pole or against a wall. The men employed in this service are very expert and strong, and go to their work with as much composure as a butcher to the slaughter. Prisoners are often, being confined some time in goal, let loose and branded on the forehead with a hot iron, so that they will be known wherever they go. For stealing, the perpetrator of the crime is dragged through the streets by a party of soldiers, who alternately lash him with a thong of plaited rattans on the bare back, and beat a large gong to give the people notice, that they may witness the punishment. In some cases, the knees and ancles are compressed in iron machines made for the purpose; this is extremely painful.—There is no punishment more common and unmercifully executed than that of whipping. Smuggling saltpetre into the country, from which powder may be manufactured, is punished by decapitation. Strangling is also a very common punishment.—The criminal is tied to a strong upright stake, with his hands and feet fastened: a stout cord is then put round his neck, and passed through a hole pierced in the stake. A stick of about 1¼ inch in diameter is attached to the cord, and the executioner standing behind him wrenches it around. The eyes soon start from their sockets, and the tongue is seen issuing from the mouth which foams and bleeds excessively, finally the neck is cut through by the cord and the head falls to the ground. No cap or covering of any kind is placed over the face during the execution.

The following crimes which should come as well under the cognizance of the law as others, are very leniently punished.

A grandfather or grandmother killing a grandchild, a father or mother wilfully murdering their son or daughter, and a master or mistress putting to death a domestic slave, are only punished with 60 to 70 blows, and should they wish to lay the murder falsely on some other person, the punishment is but 80 blows and three years transportation.

Politeness of the Press in the West.—A Kentucky paper thus speaks to and of a contemporary and neighbor:—

"Is he awaiting for an *excuse* to call us to the field? We can furnish him with none whatever, further than to pronounce him, as we do most sincerely, and with an especial regard to the meaning of our words, a drunkard, a liar, a puppy, and a most redemptionless scoundrel."

From the New York American of Aug. 16.

The remarkable exemption of New York from even the ordinary degree of summer sickness, as contrasted with the melancholy scenes of last year, presents a striking result. All now is bustle, activity, life, and movement—then stillness, melancholy, and apprehension reigned, almost undisturbed. In looking now at what then were scenes of desolation, and reverting to the yet recent past, we cannot help admiring that elasticity of spirit and enterprize, which rebounds at once when the pressure is removed, and repairs so immediately, or effaces, the effects or the traces of previous misfortune.

In every department at present business is unusually active. There has been scarcely any summer interval this year, hardly any intermission in the incessant din of prosperous industry. Universally too—or so much so as hardly to render any qualification of that term necessary—the commercial operations of the year are said to be fortunate; the footing of business remarkably secure; and all are contented, or as much so as the ever restless spirit of commerce—happily restless—will permit its votaries to be.

The South, too, and especially, oppressed! South Carolina, shares largely in the general prosperity. Cotton, the chief staple, has brought prices, which, but for the expenses of Nullification, would leave in the pockets of her planters large profits.—If, therefore, the rewards of successful industry which gladden the country, are in some degree impaired for South Carolina, she will know—at least when she recovers from her actual delusion—at whose door to lay the responsibility for her curtailed proportion.

We have seen a specimen of *Cotton Cloth* manufactured by the Merchants' Company of this place, which has been pronounced by good judges to be equal to any thing of the kind ever made in this country. The same description of goods made by the "Petersburg Company," are so advantageously known in our market, as to render it unnecessary to speak of them. We are pleased to learn that the Cotton Yarns of these two Companies are much sought after, and that whenever they have entered the Nothern markets, they have always obtained the highest prices.—*Petersburg Times.*

SCENE IN A JEWELLERY SHOP.

Jeweller, solus.—Here come the two pretty Miss Edwardses. They are always gadding and give more trouble to the shopkeepers than they are worth. They are fond of overhauling the nicest goods, but never buy any thing—always complaining of the extravagant prices! Egad; if they call in, I'll find out what they are after, I'll warrant them, or my name is not Jack Robinson. Here they come—good morning, ladies—*(Enter ladies.)* Can I serve you with any thing this morning!

Miss E. Why I don't know. What have you that's pretty? I want a finger ring—what do you ask for these amethysts?

Jeweller. Three dollars and a half.

Miss E. Three dollars and a half! what a price.—I know I can buy them at other stores for two dollars. What do you ask for this plain gold one?

Jeweller. I have always sold rings of that kind, for one dollar and a quarter a piece, but if you really wish to purchase it, you may have it for fifty cents.

Miss E. Fifty cents for this plain ring—why it's a monstrous price—I never heard of such a thing.

Jeweller. I wish I could trade with you, Miss E. Come, you shall have it for thirty seven and a half.

Miss E. No sir, I cannot think of it—I want to buy a ring, but cannot afford to give such an exorbitant price.

Jeweller. Say no more ma'am, you shall have it for twenty-five.

Miss E. Oh, that's altogether too much—I know I can buy them elsewhere.

Jeweller. I am desirous of securing your custom, ma'am, and I will sell it for twelve and a half cents.

Miss E. Ah, you are getting to be a little more reasonable; but twelve and a half cents is too high—too high.

Jeweller. I am resolved to please you—and my lowest price is six and a quarter cents.

Miss E. (After examining it closely.) Will you warrant it to be pure gold?

Jeweller. Gold of an extra fineness. It suits your finger exactly, and you shall have the little box into the bargain.

Miss E. (Aside to her Sister.) O, I almost wish we had brought some money with us—*(Aloud.)* Is that your lowest price sir?

Jeweller. That, ma'am, is my lowest price.

Miss E. If that's the case, I am afraid we shall not be able to trade—I know I can buy them for *three cents* at the other shops. Good morning, sir.—*(Exit ladies.)*

Jeweller. Good morning, ladies.—Well that beats all. Three cents for a gold ring, that cost me one dollar by the dozen! And this is what is called *shopping.* It is shopping with a vengeance. I wish these pretty women could find some better employment, than to go the rounds every pleasant day, to exhibit their charming persons and tire out the patience of the shopkeepers. They will not trouble me again very soon, however.—*N. Y. Traveller.*

From the New York American.

THE POSTHUMOUS WORKS OF THE LATE RT. REV. JOHN HENRY HOBART, D. D. *Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church of N. Y. with a Memoir of his Life; by the* REV. WM. BERRIAN, D. D., *Rector of Trinity Church, New York.* 3 vols. 8vo. N. Y. *Swords, Stanford & Co.*—Although three years have elapsed since death snatched from the midst of us one for whom—to judge from his unbroken form of body and of mind, his incessant activity and energy, and his yet fresh and ardent feelings—many years of most honorable and successful exertion in the holiest of vocations, seemed still in reserve,—the name of Bishop Hobart is never yet pronounced without awakening anew those deep regrets, and that sense of individual bereavement, which his too early fate called forth in almost every member of his congregation throughout this wide-spread diocese. Though later, therefore, than originally contemplated by his biographer, this Memoir of the Life of Bishop Hobart, and the two accompanying volumes of his Sermons, are yet in time to operate upon the sympathies which his loss excited in so remarkable a degree. They will be welcome to the members of the communion of which he was so able and loved a chief —they should be welcome to all, of whatever communion, who know how to honor truth, earnestness, ability, and, above all, fearlessness in the fulfilment of the duties of a Soldier of the Cross. Dr. Berrian's Memoir aims not to produce effect by an elaborate eulogy, or swelling periods. It is an honest narrative of a life and career which could not be commemorated with tinsel ornament, without impairing their truth and effect. It is a frank exposition of the character of one who was himself frank, almost to a fault; who was, indeed, ever too much in earnest to be otherwise than frank: and we offer our thanks to the reverend author of the Memoir for thus preparing it. He has, too, we think, in the account which it was indispensable for him to give, of some of the leading controversies in which the Bishop was engaged, acquitted himself with fairness to all parties, siding, as from his association and well-known opinions, it was matter of course he should do, with the Bishop, but not stating the less impartially the arguments of his opponents. There is, however, want of method and arrangement in the Memoir, especially as to the manner of introducing some of the foreign correspondence of the Bishop; which is interspersed without any order or connection, and frequently to the interruption of the course of the narrative. We have not room for many extracts, but we cannot refuse to ourselves, and to the many warm friends of the Rev. Cornelius R. Duffie, too early lost to them and to the Church, the pleasure of making public a letter from him to the Bishop, which we find in the Memoir. Those who knew Mr. Duffie, will see in this letter the purity, gentleness, and sincerity, which made up the loveliness of his character. The object of this letter is explained by its import.

New York, October 10, 1821.

RIGHT REV. SIR—I come to give you notice of my desire to present myself as a candidate for holy orders, and of my readiness to enter upon such preparatory exercises as you may appoint.

"If the time of life at which I have arrived is not without disadvantages, I believe it has brought a due sense of the responsibility of the sacred office, and of the importance of deliberating well before it is assumed. I hope I have not deceived myself in judging of the motives which govern me; but lest I may have overlooked any objection to the reasonableness of my intention, or to the prospect of my usefulness, I submit my purpose, with entire deference, to your consideration and revision.

"I cannot however, avoid perceiving that the events of my life for some time past, and the dispositions they have produced in my mind, tend strongly to point out the path I have chosen; and as far as these may be regarded as indications proceeding from the Spirit of God, I am compelled, though it be with apprehension and self-distrust, to allow their influence.

"A few years of practical acquaintance with the world, by showing me that fortune and the fairest prospects were often vain and deceptive, and that even success and prosperity were less to be desired than feared for their tendency to make men forgetful of themselves, had forced upon me a sober, and perhaps a severe estimate of life.—But that last and most overwhelming of all earthly bereavements which I have recently suffered, has made me feel the uncertain tenure even of the most cherished and valued happiness, and by disconnecting me in a great measure from the ordinary motives to exertion, has taken from me all inclination or ability for mere worldly pursuits.

"It is now not less necessary to my health and tranquility, than to my sense of duty that I should place before me some great and useful object, in the prosecution of which I may occupy my time and my thoughts; and I am confirmed in believing the one which I have now in view to be that to which, in the providence of God, I am called, because in no other can I be sure of the permanent approbation of my own mind, or find motives sufficiently powerful to excite its exertions.

If you, Right Rev. Sir, shall approve my decision, my former habits of study will be revived and pursued with a diligence proportioned to the importance of their object; and though I do not expect by these means to escape from the recollections which depress me, yet I hope they will become less painful by being improved to the same great purpose.

"My highest wishes will be gratified, if I shall be able to fill up the residue of my life in the conscientious endeavor to incite all within my power to the love and service of Him who has ever continued to me the conviction and acknowledgment of his infinite wisdom and goodness; and who has made me to see and to know that in the Gospel of Jesus Christ there is unfailing support under all the circumstances in life, as well as abounding consolation and triumph for the mortal hour.

"I beg you to excuse the details of motives and views into which this letter has extended, but which I thought necessary, to enable you to come to a proper determination upon the subject of it. With perfect respect, I am, Right Rev. Sir, your most obedient servant,

CORNELIUS R. DUFFIE."

It is stated that nineteen thousand dollars worth of Swaim's Panacea has been sold in Philadelphia within the last twelve weeks.

From the Boston Daily Advertiser, August 16.

ENGLAND.—The late accounts from England render it probable, that a crisis is approaching, the result of which is not easily foreseen. It is obvious, that the present ministry may rely with confidence on the support of the House of Commons, and that the House itself expresses more clearly than at any former period, the popular will: but it is almost equally plain, that whenever the strength of parties shall be tested in the House of Lords, a majority will be found against them. This state of things affords abundant room for speculation, and the French and English journals accordingly abound in comments and predictions. Should the House of Lords consent to yield, as it has done hitherto, to the wishes of the people, the only difficulty is, that they effectually lose their influence, as an independent branch of the Government: but, on the other hand, if they venture to assert their constitutional rights, the consequences of such a step are likely to be pretty serious. There is no probability, that a Tory ministry could sustain itself for any length of time: if Earl Grey is opposed by the House of Peers, the Duke of Wellington would meet with still more authoritative opposition from Commons and the people. The influence of the Lords may be paralyzed by the creation of new Peers: but this measure, under existing circumstances, though with in the limits of the royal prerogative, is evidently hostile to the spirit of the Constitution, and one upon which the King has thus far betrayed no haste to venture. It would appear, that the first step is about to be taken by the Peers, by making a decisive stand against the bill introduced by ministers for the Reform of the Irish Church; which, at the last dates, had been sent to them by the House of Commons. Should this prove to be the case, our next accounts from England will possess more than usual interest.

The attempts making in England to prohibit by law the Sunday amusements of the poor, and to compel them by act of parliament to be pious, are justly calling forth the opposition of the press, and of public writers. Mr. Bulwer, in his new work entitled England and the English, thus treats the subject:

The law ought to legislate for Saturday rather than Sunday; for all the police agree, (and this is a singular fact) that there are more excesses committed on a Saturday night than any night in the week, and fewer excesses of a Sunday night! The second cause that favours intemperance as connected with the Sabbath, is the opening of gin shops to a late hour on Saturday, and till eleven on Sunday morning: not only the temptation to excess, but the abandoned characters that throng the resort, make the gin-shop the most fatal and certain curse that can befall the poor. The husband goes to drink, the wife goes to bring him out; and the result is, that she takes a glass to keep him company, or to console herself for his faults. These resorts might especially in the metropolis, be imperatively shut up on Sunday, and at an early hour on Saturday. Beyond these two attempts to remedy the main causes of demoralization on the Sabbath, I do not think that it would be possible to legislate with success. But so far from shutting up whatever places of amusement are now open, it is clear that all those which do not favour drunkenness, are so many temptations to a poor man not to get drunk. Thus tea-gardens, a little removed from towns, (if not licensed on Sunday to sell any kind of spirits, for here the law might go to the verge of severity,) would be highly beneficial to the morals of the working orders. They are so even now. We have the evidence of the police, that instances of excess or disorder at these places of recreation are very rare; and the great advantage of them is this, a poor man can take his wife and daughters to the tea-garden, though he cannot to the gin-shop; selfishness (the drunkard's vice) is counteracted, the domestic ties and affections are strengthened, and the presence of his family imposes an invisible and agreeable restraint upon himself. I consider that it is to the prevalence of amusements in France, which the peasant or artisan can share with his family, that we are to ascribe the fact that he does not seek amusement alone; and the innocent attractions of the *guinguette* triumph over the imbruting excesses of the *cabaret*. Riding through Normandy one beautiful Sunday evening, I overheard a French peasant decline the convivial invitation of his companion:—"Why no, thank you," said he; "I must go to the *guinguette*, for the sake of my wife and the young people, dear souls!" The next Sunday I was in Sussex; and as my horse ambled by a cottage, I heard a sturdy boor, who had apparently just left it, grumble forth to a big boy swinging on a gate, "You sees to the sow, Jim, there's a good un; I be's jist a going to the Blue Lion to get rid o' my missus and the brats. rot 'em!" We see by a comparison with continental nations, that it is making the Sabbath dull that we make it dangerous. Idleness must have amusement, or it falls at once into vice; and the absence of enentertainments produces the necessity of excess. So few are the harmless pleasures with us on the Sabbath, that a French writer puzzled to discover any, has called the English Sunday, with a most felicitous *naivete*, "*jour qu'on distingue par un pouding!*" "Save a pudding, he can find no pleasurable distinction for the Holy Day of the week!"

Tennessee.—We have partial returns from the Congressional Elections in this States. Messrs. Cave Johnson, James K. Polk, John Bell, D. W. Dickerson and Baillier Peyton, are elected—the two last new members. William Carroll is re-elected Governor, without any regular opposition.—*Raleigh Register.*

Real Reform.—The following article is intended to correct an abuse in the custom house, which we were not aware existed until we saw this letter. Since the Secretary has taken the subject up, and seems disposed to remedy the evil, it may be well for him to inqure, whether the practice complained of may not have arisen from another which is said to exist, and which, if true, calls as loudly for the enterposition of some power competent to produce a reform, as that alluded to in this letter. We refer to a practice which has been often said to prevail of taxing office-holders, in the customs and elsewhere, a considerable per centage on their incomes, *for political purposes*—that is, to keep forward elections, and secure the ascendancy of those who now hold the reins of power. We have heard this alleged so frequently, and by those who quoted good authority for it, that we presume there must be some foundation for the story. Now, if the men whose incomes are barely sufficient to support themselves and their families, are obliged, as the consideration on which they hold their places, to pay a heavy tax for the purpose that has been mentioned, it cannot be considered strange that they should resort to some indirect means to repair their losses.—*N. Y. Daily Adv.*

Extract of a Letter from the Secretary of the Treasury dated

WASHINGTON, 7th Aug., 1833.

"It is the duty of the Government to see that all those who have business at the Custom-House, shall have their affairs promptly attended to. The Government has the power and the inclination to employ and liberally compensate all agents necessary for the public service; consequently, if those who have business at the Custom-House are obliged to give private pay to Custom-House Officers, it must be because there are not Officers adequate to the duty, or because, if numerous enough, they do not perform their duty. I respectfully request you, therefore, to make known to every Officer and Clerk in the public employment in your Custom-House, that the practice of receiving, from merchants or others, compensation for services of any kind, is utterly condemned; and, that no person who shall accept private compensation, shall be retained in service after proof of the fact.

"I need not enumerate the evils likely to result from a continuance of the practice to which you refer. If a merchant cannot get his business transacted as it should be, it must be the fault of the Government: if he has to pay a public clerk, he has a just cause of complaint against the Government; and a strong temptation is held out to public agents to create delay and difficulty in order to coerce a merchant into the payment of private fees. One abuse of this kind will lead to others; and at last there will be a laxity of moral feeling utterly inconsistent with the character of the country, and the honor of its Government. It is altogether a mistake that the receipt of private compensation is, *as one of your officers* supposes, a private affair between the officer and the merchant; and I consider it my duty the more strongly to say this, *as that gentleman is attached to the Custom House* As the head of the most important establishment in the country, I look to you for all the aid that may be requisite to put an end to a practice which no time or authority, according to my notions, can sanction or justify.

"I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

"WM. J. DUANE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

"SAMUEL SWARTWOUT, Esq.
"Collector, New York."

The Boston Statesman thinks, or affects to think, it very strange, that Mr. Clay should have declined his contemplated visit to Boston, the present summer, because the Cholera was raging in Lexington, while there was none of it in Boston. The Statesman should recollect that Mr. Clay has a family, and preferred remaining at home and sharing the danger with them, and affording them such aid as was in his power, if any of them should be attacked. We wonder if the Editor of the Statesman would have been willing, if the Cholera had been in Boston, and not in Lexington, to have left his family (if he have one) and friends in the midst of it, and come to Lexington? If he could have done so, he is certainly unworthy to have either a family or friends.

Mr. Clay knew that the cholera was spreading with great rapidity all over the country. It had made its appearance in several places directly on the route he would have to go from Lexington to Boston, and he would have been as likely to take it on the route as at home, and perhaps more so. He therefore preferred remaining at home, in the bosom of his family, where, if it had fallen to his lot to have been attacked by the fell monster, he knew he would receive every attention that a husband and a father could expect; but which he could not have expected if attacked from home.

Although Mr. Clay and his family all escaped the ravages of the cholera, he must have been too deeply affected by its ravages among his old and respected friends, to enjoy as he would under other circumstances, the pleasures of an eastern tour. This was doubtless another reason with him for declining his visit to the east.

Kentucky Observer.

The following decision of a London magistrate is worthy of all imitation.—The requisitions of humanity are never different from those of justice.

A brute of a fellow, named Lawrence Leary, was recently arrested in London, for wrenching out the teeth of a squirrel, with a pair of scissors. He said he had been provoked to the act, the squirrel having bitten his finger, and as the animal was his own, he alleged that the court had no right to punish him. The court nevertheless fined him 60 shillings, and sentenced him to six months imprisonment.

Take Notice.—We perceive some of our articles going the rounds in the newspapers, credited to *Ibid.* This is an error—they were never written by that gentleman—for we wrote them ourself.—*Lowell Jour.*

Ibid, we believe, is the fellow that hooks so many of our paragraphs. In almost every paper we open we perceive an original anecdote of John Randolph, for which no credit is given to the Commercial Advertiser.

Com. Advertiser.

Manufacture of Cotton in the U. States.—We proceed to give further statements of the state of the Cotton Manufacture in the United States, in 1831, as collected by the Committee of the New York Convention. In our paper of Saturday last we showed that there were, in twelve States of the Union, 795 cotton mills, with a capital of $40,714,984, manufacturing annually 77,751,316 lbs. of Cotton, or 214,882 bales of 361 86-100 lbs. each.

Number of Spindles,		1,246,903
do of Looms,		33,506
Pounds of Yarn sold		10,642,000
Yards of Cloth made		230,461,900
Pounds of Cloth		59,604,925
Males employed	18,532	
Females employed	38,927	
Hands employed		57,466
Pounds of Starch used		1,641,253
Barrels of Flour for sizing		17,245
Cords of Wood burnt		46,512
Tons of Coal do		24,420
Bushels of Charcoal do		9,205
Value of other articles consumed and not enumerated		599,223
Spindles then building		172,924
Gallons of Oil consumed		300,338
Hand Weavers		4,760
Total dependents		117,616
Annual value of Cotton Manufactures		26,000,000
Aggregate or total amount of wages pd.		10,294,944

That there may be no doubt as to the accuracy of these statements, we give the names of the following gentlemen, through whose means the accounts were collected from the manufactures in the different States, viz: Maine and New Hampshire, Lloyd W. Wells and John Williams; Masssachusetts and Vermont, Robert Rogerson and Patrick T. Jackson; Rhode Island, James De Wolf, James F. Simmons, and Charles Jackson; Connecticut, J. H. De Forest; New York, E. B. Sherman, James Wild, and Richard P. Hart; New Jersey, Kentucky, Ohio, Indianna, David Holsman and Mark W. Collett; Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Tennessee, Lewis Waln and Alexander Breckenridge; Maryland and Virginia, Columbus James O'Donnell, and W. W. Calloch.

N. Y. Merc. Adv.

The following sentiments, not less elevated than just, we copy

FROM THE PENNSYLVANIA INTELLIGENCER.

"MY NATIVE LAND."

"Lives there a man with soul so dead
As never to himself has said,
This is my own, my native land."

The Chronicle quotes the above beautiful lines containing the most elevated sentiment of patriotism, and applies it to justify that sectional principle which treats as foreigners the citizens of our sister States. Such an application is the parent of disunion.—What is our "*Native Land?*" Is it the domicil of our fathers, the Town, the Village, or City, the places in which we were born? Shall the citizens of Delaware only be allowed to call *Delaware* their "*native land?*" Is the native land of Pennsylvanians bounded by the limits of the State? No! "*My own, my native land*" is "our country, our whole country, and nothing but our country." It is the land consecrated by the blood of patriots, poured out upon the battle fields of the Revolution, from Massachusetts to Georgia. It is land for which Warren, Montgomery and Mercer died, and Washington, Greene, and Lincoln fought. It is the land of free institutions and union, extending as far as the banner of stars and stripes waves upon the land.—Hallowed indeed are the places of our birth —they awaken the pleasing recollections of childhood, but they should never degenerate into a clannish illiberality, which narrows the love of country to a single spot. Our "*native land*" is the Union—without the Union we should blush to own our "*native land.*" Let it never be said, that within the boundaries of this Republic,

"Lands intersected by a
Narrow Frith, abhor each other—Mountains
Interposed make enemies of nations,
Which had else like kindred drops been mingled
Into one."

A great bull.—A fine bull of the Durham breed has been in this town, which weighs over 3300 pounds; seven years old; finely proportioned; every way the finest animal we think that has ever been in Maine. We advise our farmers by all means to see him. He was raised in Greenland, N. H. He would be worth more to the graziers of Maine than a whole caravan of elephants, rhinoceroses, camels and bears, and he is in fact almost as big as the largest of them. He is gone to Winthrop to-day, but will be brought again on Friday and part of next week.

Kennebec Journal.

BEAVER, (Penn.) August 9.

Large Ox.—An Ox of the Durham short horn breed, belonging to the Harmony Society, was lately slaughtered at Economy, in this county, the weight of which was as follows.

Meat and kidney,	1600 lbs.
Tallow,	150
Hide,	150
Total,	1900 lbs.

This shows that the business of raising cattle might be made much more profitable to our farmers, by the selection of a good stock. Cattle of a good breed are as easily raised, and at as small an expense, as those of an inferior quality, while they are much more productive, and yield a double or treble profit. We think this subject worthy the attention of our farmers, and hope they will avail themselves of the first opportunity of procuring the Durham short horned breed.

Argus.

Methodist Book Concern.—This establishment, in Crosby Street, New York, has about 30 presses in operation, one of which is a *power* press, equal to four common presses. It employs between two and three hundred persons.

British West Indies.—The slaves in the British West Indies amount to six hundred and ninety-two thousand—the whites to seventy-seven thousand four hundred and sixty.

From Canton.—Advices have been received from Canton, in New York and at Baltimore, to the 4th of April. The most interesting item they contain, is intelligence of the progressive relaxation of the restrictions imposed by the Chinese government upon foreign trade. Two official documents have been recently published by the Governor, respecting the late voyages of European vessels upon the eastern coasts of the empire. The tone of these documents is so greatly altered, that it is believed that the prohibition to trade elsewhere than at Canton, will soon cease to operate. Already many voyages have been made, and the rapidity with which they increase, indicates success;—and if the British find them practicable and profitable, the Americans will doubtless ere long follow in their wake.

A serious disaster had nigh befallen the Independence 74, which is lying in the stream in the Navy Yard in Charlestown, on Wednesday. Early in the morning, Commodore Elliot went on board to give directions about having the ship well moored against the arrival of the equinoctial gales, and while on deck it seemed to him that she lurched more than usual. He ordered the pumps to be tried, which being done, it was ascertained that she had four feet water in her hold. Some rogue had broken off the brass cock fixed on one of her sides to let in salt water occasionally, and the ship was filling rapidly. But for the timely discovery, she must have sunk during the afternoon or night, in a depth of fifty feet of water.

PHILADELPHIA, AUGUST 17, 1833.

War against our Merchants.—The Globe recently arrived at this port with a valuable cargo from Canton. The Surveyor of the Port alleging that he had received information implicating the manifesto of the ship, commenced boring into the kegs of tea. The consignees, anxious to avert the destruction of their property, offered, at their own expense, to have the tea removed to the Custom-House, unpacked and examined. This, however, was refused. The loss consequent on this proceeding, is twenty per cent. on the valuable cargo. The affair has naturally produced great excitement. Actions have been commenced against the officers, and a meeting of merchants, on the subject, is proposed.—*Phila. Intell.*

The contempt which some of the Jackson presses affect for the letters of Major Jack Downing, is as amusing and ill advised as the jealousy which they betrayed of Black Hawk during the President's Progress. The Indian rival could be sent in a different direction, and hurried away to the land of his fathers; but Major Jack is master of his own movements and positions, and in some sort ubiquitary: he will be the Monsieur Tonson of the political farce. Cried down he cannot be, read he will be, and admired too, by all the people. We are quite sure that when his regular narrative of the Progress, and his occasional epistles supplementary, shall appear in a volume embellished with cuts, he will be soon and long as much in vogue as ever John Bunyan has been. *Vive* Major Jack!—*Nat. Gazette.*

The Washington Globe states officially, that the Convention between the United States and the King of the two Sicilies concluded at Naples on the 14th of October, 1832, having been ratified by the two parties, the ratifications of the same were duly exchanged in that capital, by Mr. Augustus Davezac, on the part of the United States, and the Prince of Cassaro, on the part of the King of the two Sicilies, on the 8th June, in the present year.

Cholera in the West.—We regret to perceive that the Cholera is still laying waste many of the small towns and villages of the West, especially of Kentucky. At springfield, Winchester, Greensburg and New-Castle, the number of deaths is truly appalling. A letter published in the *National Intelligencer*, from Springfield, says:

"Our calamity has been distressing beyond description. The panic was so great that during the onset of the disease, the sick and dying could get but little attention. This occasioned the death of not a few. The decencies of Christian sepulchre were denied to several in the vicinity. The burning floors of the house in which they died were the only winding sheet, and grave, and funeral service, that they could obtain."

The *Cholera* has made its appearance at Shepherdstown, Jefferson county, Va. There had been seven deaths by that disease, from the 9th to the 13th instant. The Charlestown Free Press also reports one death in that town from the same cause.

Intemperance in France.—Extract of a letter from J. Fenimore Cooper, Esq., to a friend in this city, dated Paris, April 20th, 1833.

The police reports reveal the fact that 25,700 drunkards were committed to prison in Paris, in the course of the year. Of this number, 10,290 were *women!* Now all this has nothing to do with the soldiers or the invalids, who are under military law. I have always told you there was less drunkenness in America, among our native population, than in any other country, even before the existence of the temperance societies; and that they who maintained the contrary did not know how to take the necessary circumstances into the account. It is probable that 10,000 drunkards died here with cholera last year. I rarely go into the street without seeing more or less drunkards, and I have met them by hundreds in England, Holland, Germany, Switzerland, Italy and Spain. This vice prevails in the highest clases too, in Europe, more than is commonly imagined. I have no doubt there are quite as many genteel young men addicted to it in Paris, as in New York, though they are less seen in public. Our climate, however, renders the effects more prenicious in a merely physical point of view.

N. Y. Observer.

FOREIGN

New York,

FROM EUROPE.

By the packet ship Europe, well, we have received our re English papers to the 16th

The most important item is a confirmation of the repo the way of Gibralter, of the Don Miguel's fleet by Admir

In the British Parliament discussion upon the general p rope has been brought on by a lation to Russia and Turkey, Henry Bulwer, which he pr singular inquiry of the Minis any Government existed?" Althrope answered, in the tram Shandy, "Here we are

Mr. B. replied, that "it because they were there, tha tuted a Government." The to a report which was disbeli that Earl Grey had resigned. Spectator pronounces the Ministry inevitable, though Peers might possibly help the session. The Irish Church which was read a third time Commons by a majority of carried up to the Lords, with the fiercest opposition tution 653, again of Buckingham and Wellin for the renewal of the East was read a second time to a

Letters from Madrid state, ish Government have offered Miguel, upon condition of granting a comprehensive an stitutional charter, and ma in his Ministry. Such a Ferdinand would stipulate for likely, we should imagine, to Miguel.

Connected with these Spain and Portugal, is that my of observation, to be Pyrennees, in order, it is act any measures which the ernment may take in beh Marshal Clauselos named as of this force.

A number of arrests have Paris, of persons suspected ed in political conspiracies notwithstanding, continued

The *Messager des Chamb* the Dutchess de Berri was e lerme at the latter end of las Prince of Cambo Formio the husband, had prepared a mag for her reception; but no what had become of the Cou camped without waiting to

The agents of Miguel are London. They have purch ers, the Lord of the Isles, the dom, and two others—on hi These are to take about 300 s at Plymouth and Portsmouth, mediately for the Tagus.

Ibrahim Pacha, according received up to the 10th of J stantinople, was retreating The Russian ships of war still the Bosphorus, and would no the Egyptians were fairly en other side of Mount Taurus.

The last accounts leave of Palmella at Lagos; ha without blood-shed, in pla kingdom of Algarves un na Maria, and having tants of that rich and impor Portugal the opportunity of s attachment to the Constitution

At Villa Real they found 30 non, and about £5,000 in mon

Liverpool Cotton Market.—The ending on Wednesday, 12th July bales—of which 1110 were Sea Isla 27d; 13820 Boweds, at 8¾ a 10d; 8¾ a 9¾d; 7400 New Orleans, at 9 sales of Saturday 13th, and Mon 8000 bags, at a decline of ¼d upon nesday. Import of the week, 11, 36,310 bales.

Greenbank's Periodical cheap popular work has co volume, and entered upon its s have already been published and trials of Pestalozzi, the the Great, a Sketch of the His a Tour through France and essays of Elia, Travels in Upp and Poems of Korner, the W a Tale of Life, the Game of L of the Wars of our Times. in the London editions, would wards of *thirty dollars*, are he less than a *dollar and a half.*

Blind Staggers.—We un this disease is prevailing to so mongst the Horses of this cou ston. In nearly every case fatally.—*Raleigh Register.*

"If you have a paper to spare you to let me have it to send has been *threatening* to take some time." This was a spec a few days since. If he intend ought to put his threat into exec

"Your paper is very much neighborhood," said a gentlema quier County to us, a day or wish you had as many *subscribers readers.*" We wish so too.

If it was as customary to bo hat, or his coat, or his breeches his newspaper, things would co ty pass.

Oppugnancy to Physic.—A of a newspaper editor "down an offer of a druggist to advertise and medicines, and take his pa *shop.* He says he will take no of produce in payment for pa vertising, "such as parsnips, w old combs, old clothes, cold t —but he wont take *physic!*"

BSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE:

AY EVENING, AUGUST 27, 1833.

ELECTION RETURNS.

VICK.—Wm. R. Hall, S.; Sam. A. Las- Benjamin Leonard, C.
.—Enoch Noah, S.; Thomas Tillett and co, C.
MANS—Henry Skinner, S.; Thomas Wil- Benjamin Mullen, C.
.—Joseph B. Skinner, S.; Charles Mix- er Welsh, C.
f Edenton.—Jona. H. Haughton.
D.—George C. Mendenhall, S.; David d Allen Peeples, C. For amending the n 1176, against it 407.
—Wm. P. Dobson, S.; D. W. Courts Waugh, C.
.—James Kerr, S.; John E. Brown, n Dodson, C.
HAM.—Robert Martin, S.; Philip I. Iri- jamin Settle, C.
John Walton, S.; Lemuel Riddick and , C.
.—E. C. Gavin, S.; A. C. Monk and .
—Daniel Hoke, S.; H. Cansler and C. For amending the Constitution t it, none.
.—John Clayton, S.; James Weaver, Henry, C.
—Wm. Sitton, S.; N. Edmonston and , C. In favor of changing the Con- , against it, none.
Benj. Brittain, S.; James W. Guinn Tatham, C.
—Mathew R. Moore, S.; John F. Poin- L. Ziglar, C.
—Joseph P. Caldwell, S.; J. A. King n Potts, C.

ounties of Randolph and Tyrrel, ain to be heard from.

llowing is the state of the poll in the ounties composing the Wilmington ional District:

	McKay.	Deshongh.
Hanover,	357	345
w,	173	578
n,	253	606
son,	687	278
n,	395	230
nbus,	437	13
wick,	268	6
	2570	2056
majority,	514.	

The arks below, we copy from the *Catchman*, a paper published in the alisbury, and we have been much reading them. Fayetteville, ems likely to "be left to herself" at moment when she thinks that the increasing and the determination tizens to make a vigorous effort is g.

can she do, if those whom nature t as her friends shall desert her?— whose interests are bound up with ve her to struggle alone?

ns of the West—we call on you to nited effort; you surely will not look e than to the scheme of the union of Fear and Yadkin: is there any o- racticable? Where will a return for ment be so certain? In what scheme ny advantages and motives centre, al aggrandizement, general utility, ide, love of country?

eople of Fayetteville are willing— are desirous of consulting you on ct, so vastly important. The pro- of a meeting held here lately, you in the adjoining column. Fayette- l do her duty. Whatever plans of ment our friends in the East may view, the people of Fayetteville have cided on any other but the Yadkin e Fear Rail Way.

we have, if *all will unite*, to make ning in this noble enterprise. The re of the State surely will do some- love of country has not gone out— otism has not sunk into a death-like and indifference.

s do all we can. United, we may essful—divided, we shall fail—unit- ncement and prosperity attend us— dishonor and disgrace—united, ir- we shall move on to fulfil our des- ivided, we must retrograde.

FROM THE CAROLINA WATCHMAN.

call the attention of the citizens of wn of Salisbury and the county of to the propriety of sending Delegates nternal Improvement Meeting, to be Hillsborough, on the 2d Monday in ber. We ought not to close our eyes act, that Wilmington is directing all ources to the project of a Rail Road at place through Waynesborough to . (See Wilmington Address.)—It hen that her hand-maiden, Fayette- s to be left to herself—and what can with the co-operation of Fayetteville

We said it before, that we had but opes from any plan but the extension Petersburg Road; when we found an making to create markets within the we waited to see if this effort would ed to rally the hopes of the friends Yadkin and Cape Fear plan. We thus much due to our esteemed and well-wishers at Fayetteville. now that the policy of the Raleigh tion is to unite the means of the and Wilmington together. This off from all hope of present advan- less we join in with the Roanoke oad. Shall we not at least consult e friends of this measure? They are

Every day brings the Petersburg t nearer to us.—Not only this, but k and Portsmouth are on their march ds us also: for they are likewise *work*- a Rail Road to meet that of Peters- t the Roanoke. Our brethren of the or seem determined not to let these takings stop at that River. Shall we ven lend them the aid of our counte- and voice? Let us have a meeting citizens of this town and county, and say to them at least, that we are with heart.

e do not mean to disparage the efforts Raleigh and Wilmington friends, we wish that their brightest hopes may be realised. But it is too dim a *reversion* for us of the Yadkin, and we must be permitted to turn our *hearts* to where we think our *treasure is*.

A very powerful motive presents itself to the people of Rowan, Davidson and Guilford to send agents to the Hillsborough meeting. Very little doubt remains but that the Petersburg Road will come into the interior of our State; strong efforts will be made to lead it to Raleigh—strong efforts will also be made to carry it as high as the Shallow Ford. We should have some one there to say a word for our country. Ours is certainly the most favorable and we ought to have it known to those who are about to give further direction to this mighty undertaking.

Much has been said on the subject of large market towns in our own State. As a matter of *State pride*, we should be glad to see them; but at last, it is more a matter of *pride* than of substantial good. If we except the amount of wealth that accumulates at such a spot, it seems of small importance, whether we get a good price for our produce at Wilmington or at Norfolk. It seems like madness to forego a good present probability for a remote possibility, even though this last may more please our pride.

Internal Improvement Meeting.—At a meeting held at the Town House in Fayetteville, pursuant to notice, James Seawell, Esq., Magistrate of Police, was called to the Chair, and Dr. James H. Dickson was appointed Secretary. The object of the meeting was stated by the Chair.

On motion of E. L. Winslow, Esq., the following Preamble and Resolutions were adopted:

Whereas we, a portion of the citizens of the Town of Fayetteville and County of Cumberland, are not willing to admit that we are unable to improve the physical and moral condition of our country—that we are decided, and stand ready to join our fellow citizens, and to yield our assistance, to any vigorous plans for Internal Improvements, by means of Rail Ways, and by a judicious and energetic attempt to improve the navigation of the Cape Fear, and any of its tributary streams, above the Town of Fayetteville.

Resolved, therefore, That we cheerfully respond to the invitation to send Delegates to a meeting, to be held in the Town of Pittsborough, on the subject of Internal Improvements, and that ten persons be appointed Delegates to said meeting, to be held on the 29th day of August, (instant.)

Whereupon, John Husk, Joseph Baker, L. D. Henry, Robert Strange, E. L. Winslow, James Seawell, Gabriel W. Holmes, Constant Johnson, John M. Dobbin, and William Nott, were appointed.

Resolved, That the Delegation to Pittsborough have power to fill any vacancies that may occur in their body.

Resolved, That the situation of our section of the country, to any one who will examine the Map, points to the Cape Fear as the natural channel and highway for the produce of the interior; that this River has afforded, and will we trust, continue to afford, the safest and most economical means of transportation from the Town of Fayetteville to the ocean, of any Southern River, Rail Road, or other channel of communication for the same distance in any part of the country; that we stand ready to make good this statement, and to assure those interested in this River, that it fully answers the purpose of an outlet—that whenever it should prove otherwise, we shall be ready to join in opening some other mode of transportation; that in order to secure this trade of the interior, to give to our fellow citizens of the West, the advantages of a more extensive market, better prices, less laborious and more convenient transportation, and to aid in the developement of the resources of an improving and highly gifted portion of our State; to give to the town of Fayetteville a greater command of trade, improve the condition of her citizens physically and morally, to give to the country at large, the advantages of a commercial mart, some great highway must be opened due West from the town of Fayetteville; that the people of the West, those interested in the trade of the Cape Fear, the citizens of the Town of Fayetteville and County of Cumberland especially, are called on by every motive of self interest, pride, patriotism, and considerations of the most exalted character, vigorously and expeditiously to commence, prosecute and complete this highway by means of a Rail Road.

Resolved, That a Committee of eleven persons be appointed, who shall communicate with the Counties of the West, and those interested in the subject, and fix on a time and place for a General Meeting, on the subject of Internal Improvements.

Whereupon, John Huske, Joseph Baker, Charles T. Haigh, E. L. Winslow, John W. Wright, James Seawell, Duncan Mac Rae, John M. Dobbin, John H. Hall, Louis D. Henry and Dr. Jas. H. Dickson, were appointed said Committee.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the town papers.

Meeting adjourned.

JAS. SEAWELL, Chairman.

JAS. H. DICKSON, Secretary.

COMMUNICATED.

A meeting was held by the citizens of Moore County, in the Town of Carthage, on the 20th of August, for the purpose of appointing Delegates to represent the County in the Internal Improvement Convention, which is to assemble in the City of Raleigh, in November next, with a view of recommending some plan to the people of the State to improve its internal condition. The meeting was organized by calling Maj. C. Dowd to the Chair, and appointing K. Kelly, Secretary.

John B. Kelly, Esq., was called on to explain the object of the meeting, which he did in a very concise and appropriate address.

A motion was then made and unanimously adopted, the object of which was to empower the Chair to appoint a Committee to recommend three suitable persons to serve as Delegates to said Convention. The Chair, in accordance with the views of the meeting, appointed a Committee, who immediately retired, and in a few minutes returned with the following recommendation: Col. Willis D. Dowd, James McBryde and David Kennedy, Esq'rs, which recommendation was adopted by the meeting without a dissenting voice.

The object of the meeting having been effected, it adjourned.

We give in to-day's paper, the proceedings of a meeting in the County of Moore. They have appointed Delegates to the meeting at Raleigh, in November. We are glad they are more alive, and that they are catching the spirit—may it kindle and spread and glow every where. We hope they will not neglect to send Delegates to Salisbury, when the time is fixed.

Gama Grass.—We understand that the Gama Grass has been found in some quantities, by Capt. Edward Barge, on a plantation in the neighborhood of this town.

A correspondent writes us from Montgomery County, under date of August 20, that the Mills belonging to a Mr. Burney of that County, were consumed by fire on the night of the 19th, together with 500 bushels of grain. The Mills are estimated to be worth $400: the greatest part of the grain belonged to his customers. It is supposed to have been set on fire by some malicious person.

It is our painful duty to announce the death of the Hon. Leonard Henderson, Chief Justice of the State, who breathed his last, at his residence in Granville county, on the 13th inst. We mean not to write his Eulogy, for we feel ourselves utterly incompetent to do justice to his public virtues and his private worth—to his profound legal learning—his superior attainments—and his undeviating respect for the independence, the integrity and the honor of the profession to which he belonged. We leave the performance of this task in abler and more appropriate hands. In the history of the Bar of North Carolina, however, the name of LEONARD HENDERSON will be commemorated, among the most eminently distinguished—and his contemporaries will long cherish the remembrance of one, so justly admired as the pride and ornament of their profession.—*Raleigh Register.*

Kentucky Election.—It is now ascertained, that, at the recent election held in Kentucky, for Representatives to Congress, Robert P. Letcher has been re-elected.—His majority over Thomas P. Moore, our late Minister to Colombia, is variously stated between 60 and 90 votes.

Benjamin Hardin (well known as formerly a member) is chosen in the Bardstown district.

Martin Beaty is elected from the district lately represented by Mr. Gaither, by a considerable majority over that gentleman.

Thomas Chilton is again chosen a Representative, by a handsome majority.

James Love and Amos Davis are elected from other districts.

All the above gentlemen are decided National Republicans.

It is yet uncertain who is chosen from the Louisville district. A report seems to be credited, however, that Mr. Pope has succeeded by a majority of seven or nine votes.

It is reported, but not certain, that Mr. Tompkins is re-elected, and that Mr. Hawes (Jackson) has been defeated by P. R. Thompson (National Republican.) From Mr. Lyon's district, reports are contradictory.—*Nat. Intell.*

From *Kentucky* we have no further particulars of any consequence. The National Republicans have met with a success in the election much beyond their anticipation.

Idiana.—The Indiana Journal says, from all the information received, it is supposed that Ratliff Boon, John Carr, Amos Lane, and Edward A. Hannegan, have been elected to Gongress.—*Ib.*

Tennessee Election.—We have, earlier than expected, received complete returns of the Election for Representatives to Congress in this State. The following gentlemen have been chosen:

First District—John Blair.
Second District—Samuel Bunch.*
Third District—Luke Lea.*
Fourth District—James Standifer.
Fifth District—John B. Forrester.*
Sixth District—Bailie Peyton.*
Seventh District—John Bell
Eighth District—David W. Dickinson.*
Ninth District—James K. Polk.
Tenth District—Wm. M. Inge.*
Eleventh District—Cave Johnson.
Twelfth District—David Crockett.*
Thirteenth District—Wm. C. Dunlap.*

Those marked with astericks (*) were not Members of the last Congress. Of the whole number, three or four are said to be National Republicans.—*Ib.*

Boston, August 14.

Ninth District.—We are compelled again to anounce a mortifying result—there is no choice of a member of Congress in the Ninth District. The votes in 24 towns stand thus:

For General Dearborn,	2,179
Mr Jackson,	1,842
Dr. Thurber,	703

At the last trial they stood, for Gen. Dearborn 2,094, Mr. Jackson 1,794, Dr. Thurber 317. It will be seen that Gen. Dearborn has gained about 100, Mr. Jackson about 50, and Dr. Thurber almost 400! there is not much probability that this District will be represented in the next Congress.

The Hon. C. A. Wickliffe has been elected a member of the Kentucky House of Delegates from Nelson county.

Expeditious.—Passengers, who left Petersburg at 20 minutes before 8, on Monday, arrived here, by the way of Blakely, at 2 o'clock, on the same day. So much for the Rail Road.—*Halifax N. C. Advocate.*

The Steam-boat *Maryland*, which is to ply daily between this town and Blakely, arrived here on Sunday evening and commenced her regular trips on the day following. Arrangements will be immediately made, we understand, to run the daily mail ine through this place to Raleigh.—*Ib.*

The Crops.—Owing the long continued rains this season, not half the usual crop of wheat has been made in this region, and that which has been cut has proved of very poor quality. Oats have done well, generally. Several of our most intelligent farmers assure us that from present appearances the corn crops hereabouts, will fall far short of that of last year. Our East Tennessee friends, who we learn, never had better wheat crops, would do well to look for a market for their flour on this side of the mountains.—*Rutherford Spectator.*

Crops in Georgia.—The late rains came at a critical time. They have, we learn, been very general through the upper part of this State and South Carolina; and as far as we have had an opportunity of seeing or hearing, have pretty generally put the planters fears at rest as to their late corn; their early corn-fields were safe before. Cotton too, has much improved and is now looking finely; and we think a good turn out of Uplands may now be confidently expected.
Milledgeville Journal.

The President of the United States left the Rip-Raps yesterday at 10 o'clock, in the steam boat Columbia, for Washington: his health having beeen entirely re-established during his three weeks sojurn in that salubrious spot in our "beautiful bay."
Norfolk Herald, August 23.

"*Leander*" shall have a place in our next.

MARRIED,

In this County, on the 15th inst., by the Rev'd Jas. McDaniel, Capt. ALEXANDER McNEILL, to Miss MARY HOLMES, daughter of Archibald Holmes, Esq., all of Cumberland.

In New York, on Thursday, the 15th inst., by the Rev. Dr. Dewitt, the Rev. HENRY A. ROWLAND, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in this town, to Miss HARRIET, daughter of the late Isaac Heyer, Esq., of that City.

OBITUARY.

Departed this life, in Cumberland County, on Thursday, the 15th instant, Mrs. ANN JESSOP, widow of Isaac Jessop, aged eighty-nine years three months and eight days. Mrs. Jessop embraced religion at an early period of life, and for more than 50 years previous to her death, lived a member of the Baptist Church and adorned her profession; she was a devoted Christian and pattern of piety. For the last 12 years, she was an object of affliction, she was reduced so low in her last sickness, by violent consumption and other complicated diseases, as not to be able for more than 8 weeks, to turn herself in bed; but strong in faith, with a full assurance of that rest prepared for the people of God, she was enabled to bear her afflictions with patience, and exhort her friends to a strict adherence to the Gospel, and the commandments of God, until a few hours previous to her departure. She prayed for the success of the Gospel, and told her friends she was going to Heaven, and thanked God that he was about to release her—shouted with an audible voice, and continued to praise Jesus to her expiring breath. A more triumphant scene has never been witnessed in the region where she lived.—*Communicated.*

DIED,

In Montgomery County, on the 6th inst., in the 80th year of his age, after a protracted illness, Mr. ALEXANDER McRAE, a gentleman, who by his firmness and integrity, had gained the esteem of his acquaintances, and who has left many friends and relations to lament his death.—*Communicated*

In Richmond County, on the 20th ultimo, Mr. DUNCAN McRAE, son of Mr. Alexander McRae, in the 25th year of his age. This young man was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and was respected by all who him.—*Communicated.*

In Marlborough District, S. C., on the 19th instant, Mr. DANIEL C. McINTYRE, in the 28th year of his age, a respectable citizen of that District.

In Randolph County, on Monday the 19th inst., in the 24th year of her age, Mrs. ELIZABETH BROWER, consort of Alfred Brower, Merchant. In the death of Mrs. Brower, society is deprived of one of her brightest ornaments. She was amiable and kind and had secured the good wishes of all who knew her. She has left an affectionate husband with many relations and friends to mourn her loss.—*Communicated.*

Communicated for the Raleigh Register.

Died, at his residence in Granville County, on the 13th inst., in the 61st year of his age, LEONARD HENDERSON, Esq., Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of this State—one of a family in which talent is hereditary. Judge Henderson, in the elevated station which he occupied, maintained the reputation of his descent. The Jurisprudence of our State bears the impress of his genius. But it was not descent—nor station—nor genius, which gave him a personal influence almost unparalleled: it was the rectitude of his heart—the benevolence of his nature, and most of all, a high moral chivalry of character, which led him, without regard to consequences, to protect the injured and the innocent.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVED, August 22, P. I. Tillinghas's boat Commerce, with Goods for Messrs. Yarbrough & Ray, C. T. Haigh, O. P. Stark, John W. Pearce, Thos. Sandford & Co., and Jones Fuller.

Also, Steam Boat Henrietta's tow boat Messenger, with Dry Goods and Groceries, for J. McArn, H. Campbell, Jr., J. Crusoe, O. P. Stark, G. J. Streety, B. Beach, C. T. Haigh, G. W. McDonald and Joseph Baker.

Also, on the 23d, Messenger from boat Clarendon, with Coffee, Salt and Dry Goods, for C. T. Haigh, Yarbrough & Ray, Jones Fuller, Sandford & Co., J. H. Pearce, J. Crusoe, and others.

ARRIVED, August 21, from Wilmington, Steam Boat John Walker's Lighter the James Seawell, with a full load of Dry Goods, Sugars, Lime, &c. for Henry Horn, E. L. & W. Winslow, John M. Dobbin, Jos. Baker, E. J. Hale, W. Locke, C. T. Haigh, D. Shaw, James Jones, Willkings & Co., J. Martine, Hall & Johnson, G. W. McDonald, G. Hurlbutt, B. Beach, Dr. B. Robinson, G. McNeill, W. Whitehead, Nott & Starr, John W. Sandford, H. Potter, G. W. Ragland & Co., and D. McRae, of this place, and for John Murphey, Murphey & Taylor, J. Brown, Peter Clingman, R. H. Burton, Rufus Ried, James McKisson, M. Wilcox, J. Sumner & Co., N. Phillips, B. Utley, J. & W. Peace, Williams & Haywood, and S. & W. Moore, of the interior.

Also, from Kelly's Cove, on the 26th inst. the Lighter James Seawell, with Sugars, &c. for H. Horn, D. Shaw, Dr. B. Robinsou, Nott & Starr, W. Whitehead, H. Potter, G. McNeill and Willkings & Co. of this place, and for John Murphey Murphey & Taylor, N. Phillips and B. Utley of the interior.

Port of Wilmington.

Arrived up to August 21.

Brig Statira from New York. Schrs., Bell from Charleston, Commerce from Belfast, Portia from Charleston, Maiden from Philadelphia.

FOR THE OBSERVER.

At a respectable meeting of the citizens of Fayetteville, convened the 26th inst., for the purpose of appointing Delegates to the proposed Internal Improvement Convention to be holden at Hillsborough, on the 9th of September, the following persons were duly appointed to represent the citizens of this community in said Convention, viz: James Seawell, Judge Strange, G. McNeill, L. D. Henry, E. L. Winslow, J. Huske, W. B. Wright and G. W. Holmes.

THOS. SANDFORD, Secretary.

August 26, 1833.

We have received information from Waynesboro' stating, that on the 19th, a subscription was opened at that place for receiving Stock in a Company to be incorporated by the next Legislature, for the purpose of building a Rail Road from Raleigh through Waynesboro' to Wilmington. Fifty-three thousand dollars have been subscribed, and it is supposed that the subscription will amount to 75,000, and perhaps more.
Newbern Sentinel.

We mention for the information of our back country friends, that Flour is selling at the Mines of Burke county at $10 per Barrel, and Corn meal at from 75 cts. to $1 per bushel.—*Salisbury Watchman.*

Fayetteville Market.—Brandy, peach, 55 a 60. Do. apple, 45 a 50. Bacon, 8 a 9. Beeswax 17 a 17½. Coffee 13½ a 15. Cotton, 11½ a 13⅜. Corn 57 a 62. Flaxseed, $1 a 1 10. Flour, new 5 50 a 86. Feathers 32 a 35. Iron 4½ a 5½. Molasses 35.—Nails, cut, 6⅛ a 6¼. Sugar, brown, 9 a 10½; Lump 14; Loaf 15 a 18. Salt 65 a 75. Wheat 85 a 90. Whiskey 30 a 35. Tobacco, (leaf) 3½ a 3¾. Wool 19 a 20.

RATES OF EXCHANGE.

Checks on the North, $500 and over, ¼ per cent.
under $500, ½ per cent.
South Carolina Notes 1½ per cent. discount.
Virginia Notes 2 per cent. discount.

A Methodist Camp Meeting

WILL commence on Friday evening, the 27th of September, to be continued to Wednesday following, on Beaver Creek, about five miles from the Town of Fayetteville, Morganton Road. Any wishing, may be furnished with comfortable houses, complete, 15 by 20, at Five Dollars each. It is contemplated for a permanent encampment, for which purpose fifteen acres have been purchased; good springs are abundant, and the situation laid off is very pleasant. The inhabitants of Fayetteville and its vicinity, are indiscriminately invited to attend. A Meeting House is now erecting on the ground.

DR. THOS. J. JORDAN,

IS now opening at his Store, on Green Street, in addition to his former Stock, a large and extensive assortment of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Hatters' Materials, Perfumery of all kinds,

Which he warrants to be genuine, and will sell at reduced prices for cash or approved credit.

August 26, 1833. 47tf.

SALES AT AUCTION.

THE Subscriber intends, on the 29th instant, to sell the balance of his stock of Goods, at his Store on Person street, consisting of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Calicoes, Ginghams, Vestings, Shirtings, Sheetings, Knives and Forks, Pen and Pocket Knives, Shoe Knives, Alum and Liverpool Salt.

JNO. R. McCORMAC.

August 26—1w.

NEW BOOKS.

JUST received, Waverly Anecdotes, Bondman, being No. 5th, Gelray of Romance, Godolphin, a Novel, The Life and Adventures of Dr. Duckworth, with a history of a Steam Doctor, by the author of "the Yankee among the Nullifiers," Miserimus, Polynesian Researches, Life of W. Cowper, Esq., by Taylor, Observations on the United States and Canada, Example, or Family Scenes, New Children's Friend, Letters to an anxious Inquirer, Life of Adam Clark, 2d vol., Mother's 1st Thoughts, Foster's Address to the Young; The Abbot, by Sir Walter Scott, Sunday Evenings, or an easy Introduction to the Reading of the Bible, Perils of the Sea, Evidences of Christianity, by Alexander, Watson, &c., Jay's Prayers, Rise and Progress, by Dodridge, Life of Mrs. Judson, Smily's Geography, Jones's Chemistry, American Preceptor, Saint's Pocket Book, vols. 1, 2 and 3 Union Questions, Dover Selection, Village Hymns, &c. &c., for sale by

E. J. HALE.

August 27, 1833.

THE CELEBRATED JACK

PHŒNIX,

WILL stand the ensuing season, to commence on the last of the present month, and end on the first of November, at Elizabethtown, Bladen County; he will also stand at Col. Wm. Jones's below Elizabeth, and about ten miles above Elizabeth, on the West side of the river, at Four, Six, and ten Dollars. Risks as customary.

PHŒNIX is a large and remarkably well formed Jack, and his get are reported to be active, docile and tractable.

WILLIAM L. MILLER.

August 21, 1833. 47tf.

Earthenware, China, Glass AND LOOKING GLASSES.

T. J. BARROW & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS,

No. 88, *Water street, New York,*

IN the above Goods, respectfully invite the attention of their friends, and the Southern Merchants generally, to their splendid Stock of Ware, just received by the late arrivals, comprising every variety of Fancy and Staple Goods, which they are enabled to offer on the most liberal and accommodating terms. Looking Glasses of every description constantly on hand.

Particular attention will be given to packing and forwarding in the most careful manner, and purchasers may rely on receiving their Goods in good order,

All orders by letter punctually attended to.

T. J. BARROW & CO.
No. 88, Water st., N. York.

August 10, 1833. 47-8t.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now receiving at his Store, *Person street*, one door west of R. Maynard & Co., a very extensive assortment of GOODS, selected in New York with the greatest care, from the latest importations. His Stock is unusally complete, embracing a variety of FANCY & STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

HATS, BONNETS AND SHOES,

HARDWARE, FINE CUTLERY, &c.

All of which will be offered by wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms. Country Merchants and others are invited to call and examine his Stock, which, comprises in part, the following

Articles:

Super blue, black, brown and olive CLOTHS,
Ditto blue, black, brown and steel mixt Sattinetts,
Bombazine, Princettas, and crape Camlet,
Rowen Cassimere, printed Stormonts, blue & yellow Nankeens,
White and brown Jeans and Drillings,
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Padding and Buckram,
Superior light Prints; dark fancy ditto, a great variety,
Superior light fancy stripe and check Ginghams,
Ditto dark do do do ditto,
Super cambric, Jaconet, Book and Mull Muslins,
Ditto printed and foundation ditto,
Check, striped and cross barred ditto,
6-4 bobinet Lace Edging, inserting, &c.
Linen Cambric and linen cambric Handkerchiefs,
Scotch and bishop Lawn,
Super Irish Linen, whole and demi pieces,
Velvet and silk Vestings, some very superior,
Valencia and Marseilles, do do.
Rich figured Gros-de-Naps,
Do do Gros-de-Berlins,
Superior Florence and Marceline,
New and elegant crape dress Handkerchiefs,
Do do Gauge,
Do do Silk,
Do do crape Shawls,
White and green blond gauze Veils, very supe'r,
A good assortment of cap and bonnet Ribbon,
Ditto do belt do do
Super rich taffeta Ribbons,
3-4, 4-4, and 6 4 unbleached Shirting & Sheeting,
3-4, 4-4, 5-4, and 6-4 bleached do do
4-4 and 6-4 Bed Ticks and Diaper,
Domestic Stripes and Plaids, a variety,
Gentlemen's horse and seal skin Gloves,
Ladies' do do do and Mitts,
Hosiery of every description,
Gentlemen's Pongee and silk Handkerchiefs,
Do muslin and Italian Cravats,
Do Collars, Stocks, &c.
Superior white, red and green Flannels,
Black cambric Cotton Balls, sewing Silk, &c.
Gentlemen's fine fashionable black beaver Hats,
Do common do do do
Boys' fine and common do do
Gentlemen's fine and common drab do
Ditto Lafayette and Grecian Caps,
Boys' seal skin and leather do
Leghorn and straw Bonnets,
Dunstable (new style) do
Gentlemen's fine and common Boots and Shoes,
Boys' do do do do
Ladies' seal skin and leather walking Shoes,
Ditto Prunella and Morrocco Slippers,

Hardware and Cutlery.

Rodger's fine pen and pocket Knives,
Case Knives and Trace Chains,
Frying Pans and Waffle Irons,
Gun, chest and trunk Locks,
Sawmill and handsaw Files,
Curry Combs and Drawing Knives,
30 kegs Nails, 4d to 20d.
Moccoboy and Scotch Snuff, &c. &c. &c.

Together with many other articles too tedious to enumerate in an advertisement of this kind.

D. MURCHISON.

N. B. I shall be receiving by almost every arrival, additional supplies. D. M.

Fayetteville, August 21, 1833. 47tf

REMOVAL.

Dr. James H. Dickson,

HAS removed to the New Building on Hay street, nearly opposite the Lafayette Hotel, where he offers for sale on reasonable terms, for Cash, or approved credit, a General Assortment of

DRUGS and MEDICINES,

Shop Furniture, Surgical Instruments,
Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuffs,
Hatters' Materials,
Perfumery, &c.

August 27th, 1833. 2-tf

To the Afflicted.

VEGETABLE SIRUP,

Prepared from Hadlock's Vegetable Powder, for Diseases of the Lungs, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Coughs, Colds, &c. &c.

THE operation of this medicine is particularly mild and safe. It promotes a gentle and healthy perspiration, and checks morbid and pernicious sweatings; relieves chronic affections and congestion of the lungs; assuages cough; promotes a free and mild expectoration; removes pains from the chest; relieves asthmatic or difficult respiration; corrects obstinate costiveness, and leaves the bowels in a regular and healthy state. Those painful symptoms which indicate diseased lungs readily yield to this certain remedy, when seasonably resorted to; and it restores the patient to the bodily vigor which that wasting disorder, the consumption, if left to its natural operation, so surely destroys.

The above Medicine may be had at the Subscriber's Book Store, four doors South East of the Market House.

JAMES HADLOCK.

Fayetteville, Aug. 26, 1833. [1w.]

To the Members and Friends of The N. Carolina Institute of Education.

THE Funds of the Institute having been exhausted by the Publications of the last year, it is particularly requested, that those indebted for a year's Subscription will forward the amount as soon as possible, post paid, to the Subscriber, at Chapel Hill. The number of members not being sufficient to defray the expenses of the publications of the present year, any persons friendly to the objects of the Institute, would aid those objects by becoming members, which they can do by forwarding to the Treasurer an annual contribution of *One Dollar*.

By order of the Executive Committee,

WALTER A. NORWOOD, Treas.

August 18. 47-3w.

POETRY:

FOR THE OBSERVER.

Mr. Hale: The following lines were elicited some time since, on hearing a Young Lady call a luminous evening star (Venus at that time) her star.

When again that brilliant star
Returns to cheer the gloom of night,
Then think of me, though distant far
When you admire its peerless light.

Oh! how in days that now are gone,
When evening casts its shades around;
Did that bright orb dispel the gloom,
'Twas then a paradise was found.

To guide and cheer the wanderer's way,
When by friendship's power delay'd;
For when she smiled he could not stray,
But if obscur'd, he might have stray'd.

Farewell, bright orb, thy radient light,
May never cheer the wanderer more;
His life will be one dreary night,
More dreary than it was before.

PHILO.

From the Bridgeport (Conn.) Farmer

The following is the copy of a letter from John Randolph, of Roanoke, addressed to a former Post Master of the House of Representatives, and dated in 1820. It will be found very characteristic of the writer and contains a useful hint to those who find occasion to *sign their names*. The original letter was very politely handed us by an officer of the Navy now residing in this vicinity:

"My young friend ——'s letter was duly received, and should have been sooner answered, but I have been incessantly occupied with a thousand preparations for a long, perhaps final absence from home. It gives me the most unaffected pleasure to learn, that I have been in any way serviceable to the brother of Tom ——, not only on Tom's account, but his own also—and I cordially congratulate him on the termination of his arduous labors, which I take it for granted ended yesterday. The office, my young friend, which you have discharged with so much fidelity and zeal, is one of no light character, however humbly it may sound in the ears of placemen and courtiers; or however low it may be rated in the red-book. It is an office of peculiar difficulty, requiring delicacy of perception, (what I believe the French call tact,) united with unwearied assiduity; and you have fulfilled it with honor to yourself, and to the satisfaction of the motley crew, upon whom it was your duty to attend, without an exception, as far, at least, as I have learned.

If ever you pass near my wigwam, call and spend a day, or take a bed, or a dinner, as may suit your convenience. If I am at home and you pass by like the Levite, I shall be affronted as much as one of your etiquette gentry at having the first call made on him, a right honorable Senator, by a merely honorable Commoner. If I am not at home, my old Butler, Essex, (who waited on me in 1800 and 1801, when we balloted for Jefferson and Burr,) shall give you (and will) as good a cup of coffee (or tea) and as clean a bed as if master was at home; to which will be added a bottle of Brown Stout, and one of Madeira, and some genuine old Cognac and Antigua Rum Hetty, my cook, can give you a real Virginia Ham and a broiled Chicken, fresh Eggs, &c.: and you may look at my Pheasants,* and summer Ducks, and Hares,* Westphalia wild Hogs,* (boars) and sit (if the weather suits) under my patrimonial oaks and see the Stud—consisting now of foreign and domestic horses, mares, colts, and fillies—and drop me a line saying how they look.

My compliments to your father, and remember me to Tommy D. Tell him I got his letter and the Hardware man's receipt for the Gun Locks; but for the life of me, I could not make out the signature for several days; I mean our right trusty Sergeant's signature, which, as Sir Hugh saveth, "savours of affectation." Tell him to write his name as plain as this: *Thomas Dunn.* The signature of "William Pitt" (Lord Chatham) cured me of an affected way I had fallen into of writing my name. Other words may be made out from the context—but a proper name is arbitrary and should be written especially plain. God bless you, my young friend.

JOHN RANDOLPH, *of Roanoke.*

Petersburg, May 16, 1820.

You have now no excuse for neglecting your health—and I shall set you down for a silly fellow if you do not employ the recess in laying in a good stock for the next campaign. But that wretched house, with its thick wet walls, will be your grave, as well as the grave of this nation's liberties, if you do not quit it.—Nothing but corruption can thrive there."

*Imported from Europe—very different from ours.

The twelfth number of the Boys and Girls' Library, published by the Harpers, of New York, is composed of "Sketches of the Lives of eminent Females;" among whom we notice that of Mrs. Judson, the former wife of the renowned missionary of that name. The Library increases in interest.

He that cannot find wherewith to employ himself, let him buy a ship, or marry a wife; but first of all, let him take a newspaper, and pay the printer.

A fat Office.—It is stated as a fact, that J. A. Hamilton, U. S. District Attorney, for New York, has made *one hundred thousand dollars* out of his office, which he has not held for more than four years.

The Coachman's Toast.—The following toast is said to have been given by a stage driver at Steubenville, (Ohio,) on the 4th of July: "John C. Calhoun—The great proprietor of the nullification line. When he called up Daniel Webster, he happened to *waken the wrong passenger.*

There are two eventful periods in the life of a woman, one, when she wonders who she shall have—the other, when she wonders who will have her.

Launches Extraordinary.—In November next, two fine ships, the *President*, and *Jack Downing*, will be launched at Portland.

New Spring Goods.

THE Subscribers are this day receiving in part, their Spring supplies of

Staple and Fancy Dry GOODS,
Ready Made CLOTHING,
HARDWARE & CUTLERY,
HATS and SHOES,
HATTER'S TRIMMINGS, SADDLERY

of all descriptions, &c. &c., the whole of which are expected in a few days, and which will comprise a more general assortment than ever before offered at *wholesale* in this market.

With a view of making the Stock worthy the attention of Dealers generally, the assortment has been made this Spring, much more general, and having been selected with care and on the best terms, they flatter themselves they will be enabled to offer inducements making it worthy the interest of their friends and the public generally, to which they invite their attention.

HALL & JOHNSON.

In Store,

110 Hhds. prime retailing MOLASSES,
25,000 lbs. prime green COFFEE,
300 kegs Nails,
Bar, hoop and sheet Iron,
Iron, brass and steel Wire,
Dye Stuffs and Paints,

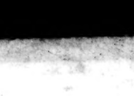
Together with a very general assortment of every article in the Grocery Line.

HALL & JOHNSON.

April 21, 1833. 29tf.

Boot & Shoe Manufactory.

PELEG PEARCE,



Respectfully offers his thanks to his friends and former customers for the very liberal encouragement he has received the past year, and informs them that he still remains at his former Stand on Gillespie street, where he has on hand, a general assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which he will sell low for cash. He has just received from Philadelphia, a good supply of Leather of the best kind, which will enable him to execute all orders in the neatest and most durable manner, at short notice. All kinds of repairing done on reasonable terms.

Fayetteville, April 9. 27tf.

WINE.

10 Quarter Casks sweet MALAGA,
10 " " SHERRY, } WINE,

For sale by

AMOS KIMBALL.

May 28. 34tf.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVING BY STEAMER JOHN WALKER,

100 Hhds. prime MOLASSES,

For sale by

JONES FULLER.

May 21st, 1833. 33-tf.

Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, &c.

JUST RECEIVED,

105 Bags Rio and Laguyra COFFEE,
10 hhds. Molasses,
40 kegs Nails, assorted 4d @ 20d.
60 sets Wagon Boxes.

In Store,

Sugar, Salt, Iron, Steel, Castings,
Loaf and Lump Sugar, and Sirup,
35 boxes Fayetteville mould Candles,
Cotton Bagging, bale Rope, and Cotton Yarn,
2500 bushels of bread Corn, Oats, Flour & Bacon,
Pepper, Spice and Ginger.

Together with a number of other articles too tedious to enumerate; all of which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce—by

HENRY HORN.

May 28. 34tf.

Molasses, Coffee and Sugar.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

100 Bags Rio and Laguira COFFEE,
20 hhds. prime New Orleans Molasses,
15 do. prime Porto Rico do.
2 do. common quality do.
8 do. good Porto Rico Sugar,

—On Hand—

350 sacks blown SALT,
300 do. Liverpool ground do.
1000 bushels Liverpool do. in bulk,
500 do. Alum ditto,
40 bags Coffee,
8 barrels Sugar,
50 kegs Nails,
5 tons Swedes Iron,
German and blistered Steel,
50 barrels Mackerel, Nos. 1, 2 & 3,
No. 1 Salmon, a good article,
10,000 lbs. good Bacon.

The above, together with other articles, too tedious to enumerate, make the Subscriber's assortment of Groceries (Liquors of all kinds excepted) worthy the attention of purchasers; they are invited to call and examine them.

WILLIAMSON WHITEHEAD.

April 16, 1833. 28-tf.

Notice to Travellers,

FARE REDUCED.

THE Charleston Mail Coach, via Lumberton, Marion Court House, and Georgetown, leaves the Planter's Hotel every day at 2 o'clock P. M.

This Line has been greatly improved by the addition of new Coaches and several Teams of Horses. The time so arranged that Godfrey's Ferry and Pee Dee Swamp are crossed by day light: the Houses of accommodation are good.

Fare through $18. Apply for Seats, or further information, at the Planter's Hotel.

A. DOUGLASS, *Agent for the Proprietor.*

N. B. All Baggage and Parcels at the risk of the owners.

December 10. 10t.

Travelling Trunks and Bags.

JUST received an assortment of Leather TRAVELLING TRUNKS and BAGS.

For sale by

A. KIMBALL.

November 13. §6-tf.§

Beef.

A FEW half Barrels *MESS BEEF*, put up expressly for family use, for sale by

A. KIMBALL.

Mill Saws.

THE Subscriber has just received a few dozen Rowland's MILL SAWS of extra thickness, manufactured expressly for this market.

ARCH'D CAMPBELL.

April 16, 1833. 28tf.

Just Received and for Sale,

40 Barrels MACKEREL, No. 3,
8 half barrels do, No. 2,
75 kegs Nails.

By W. WHITEHEAD.

June 25, 1833.

FOR SALE,

A Very neat Newark built SULKEY, upon Elliptic springs.

C. P. MALLETT.

May 6, 1833.

Notice.

JUST RECEIVED BY STEAM BOAT HENRIETTA,

15 Hhds. New Orleans SUGAR,

For sale by

JONES FULLER.

April 30, 1833. 30tf.

FOR SALE.

40 CASKS Thomastown Lime in good order,
100 Kegs White Lead ground in Oil,
50 Hhds. Molasses.

J. HUSKE & SON.

May 12, 1833. 32tf.

Soap.

50 BOXES No. 1. bar *SOAP*, just received by Steamer John Walker, for sale by

A. KIMBALL.

COTTON GINS.

THE Subscriber has again commenced the manufacture of Cotton Gins, at his residence, Leesville, Robeson County, N. C. and intending to make the business permanent, he has engaged the services of one of the best workmen in the Southern Country. He has also spared no pains, in procuring the very best materials; and to ensure patronage, he has reduced the price to $2 per Saw, six months credit, or $1 87 cash. His Gins being warranted.

After the present time, he will keep them constantly on hand at Hall & Johnson's. If he meets with encouragement, he will next year establish his Factory at Fayetteville, in which case he will also be enabled to repair Gins for a considerable extent of country around, which will be of great advantage to those owning Gins, and also to the quality of Cotton sold in the Fayetteville market, as much depends, in this article, as to quality of Gin and the order it is in.

J. W. POWELL.

Reference to Hall & Johnson, John M. Dobbin, C. P. Mallett, and Jos. Baker.

June 29th, 1833. 39-3m.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to his friends and the public, that he is now receiving at his Store, on the North corner of the Market Square, a very extensive assortment of Seasonable GOODS, selected in New York and Philadelphia, from the latest importations—His stock is now unusually complete, embracing a great variety of

Seasonable, Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery, China, Crockery, Glass Ware, &c.,

All of which will be offered by wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms. Country Merchants and retail Purchasers generally, are invited to examine his assortment, which comprizes in part,

The following, viz:

Super blue, black and mixt Saxony CLOTHS,
Extra super blue and black London ditto
Do ditto green, claret, brown and olive, do.
Do ditto dark Oxford and light mixt, do.
Superfine black, drab and buff Cassimere,
Do black, brown and green crape Camlet, a beautiful article for gentlemen s wear,
Princetta & Brochella, black, blue, green & brown,
Fine black and light mixt Erminett and merino Cassimere,
Black Lasting and Goat's hair blue Camlet, a superior article,
Rowen Cassimere, printed Stormonts, blue and yellow Nankeens,
White Satteen, imperial and Cantoon Cord, Beaverteens and Moleskin, plain and striped,
White and brown Jeans and Drillings, some very superior—French Linen,
A large assortment of Valencia, Marseilles, silk Velvet, light and dark, plain and figured Vestings, some very handsome,
Irish Linens, in whole and demi pieces, & Long Lawn, unusually cheap,
English, Scotch and French Ginghams, newest style, a great variety, & some really beautiful,
An extensive selection of English and American Calicoes and Prints, some choice styles, very cheap,
Some beautiful 4-4 French Muslins, a splendid new article for Ladies' Dresses,
Super 6-4 French Bombazine and India Pongees
Black, brown, green, crimson and scarlet Bombazetts,
Green, scarlet and crimson Moreens, very cheap,
A great variety of silks including the most fashionable colors,
Favaroni's and Matteoni's best Italian Lutstring,
Peu-de-Soi, a new and rich article—black, white and colored Satins,
Extra rich heavy India black Satin, Levantine, Sinchews and Sarsnets,
Green and brown Sarsnet for Calashes, and bordered do. for umbrella covering,
Green, white, pink, blue and straw colored Florences, extremely low,
Striped and watered Satins and Gros-de-Naps, very rich, for Ladies' Bonnets,
A great variety of Ladies' silk Shawls & Hdkffs.
Some beautiful Hernani, do ditto,
Linen Cambric do. plain and bordered—fine Linen Cambric and Bishop Lawns,
Plain and figured Book, Swiss, Jaconet & Mull Muslins, checked and ⋈ barred,
4-4 & 6-4 Cambric, fine and common—Furniture Dimity and Table Napkins,
Gentlemen's heavy Bandanna and Pongee Handkerchiefs, cheap,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's silk and cotton Hosiery,
Do. do Gloves, & Gentlemen's thread do & Socks,
A large assortment of Ladies' Prunella, Morocco, Seal and Leather Shoes,
Ditto Gentlemen's fine Shoes and Bootees, cheap,
Gentlemen's fine beaver Hats, fashionable shape,
Youths' ditto, and Caps,
Ladies' Parasols and sun Umbrellas, some very beautiful, with ivory carved handles,
Gentlemen's silk and cotton do. of superior finish,
Do. fashionable Stocks, white and black Satin and Bombazine, a great variety & cheap,
Leghorn and Dunstable Bonnets, latest style,
Bonnet Ribbons, belt do. and Taffetas, a variety,
Lace Veils, super blond gauze do., and green Barege,
3-4, 4-4, 5-4, & 6-4 brown and bleached Shirtings and Sheetings, cheap,
Fine Irish Sheetings, Russia Diaper and Sheetings,
A large assortment of Brazilian tuck & side Combs,
Some beautiful shell do., plain do and carved,
Perfumery, Essences, Macassar Oil, Otto of Roses, Pungents, Powder Puffs, Vestimental Soap, indellible Ink, German Cologne, &c. &c.
An extensive assortment of Hardware and fine Cutlery,
A variety of fine pen and pocket Knives, Ladies' best steel Scissors,
A large assortment of Crockery Ware, some elegant sets of China,
Saddlery, &c., Gig, Riding and Sportsmen's Whips, some very elegant,

Together with a great variety of other articles entirely too tedious to be enumerated; all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash.

ARCH'D CAMPBELL.

Fayetteville, N. C. April 16, 1833. 28tf.

JEREMIAH KYLE, Jr.

HAVING purchased the entire stock of GOODS of James Kyle, intends to continue the

Dry Goods,
Hardware & Grocery

Business, at the old Stand formerly occupied by James Kyle; where he will be receiving new Goods by every arrival from New York and Philadelphia. The former customers of James Kyle, and all others wishing to purchase Goods by *WHOLESALE* or *RETAIL*, will please call and examine for themselves.

March 25, 1833.

Bolting Cloths,

JUST received and for sale by

JERE: KYLE.

Aug. 5, 1833.

For Sale—*For Cash or Produce,*

6 Hhds. N. O. and Porto Rico SUGAR,
10 Bags Coffee,
50 Kegs cut Nails, assorted, from 4d to 20d.
Castings, a handsome assortment,
Heavy Trace Chains, Axes, Shovels, Cotton and Wool Cards, Wagon boxes, Swedes and English Iron, Copperas, Saltpetre, Madder, Indigo, &c.

—ALSO—

AN ASSORTMENT OF STAPLE

Dry Goods,

MEN'S CLOAKS.

1000 bushels Liverpool and Alum SALT.

JOHN MUNN.

December 4, 1832. §9-tf.§

FOR SALE, at Wilmington,

400 sacks of 4½ bushels esch of Liverpool SALT,
6000 bushels Turks Island Salt,
25 hhds. Porto Rico Sugar,
10 ditto, New Orleans,
80 ditto, Martinique Molasses, very good,
25 bbls. 4th proof Monongohela Spirits,
100 bags Cuba Coffee,
100 kegs White Lead.

LAZARUS & WHITMARSH.

Janaury 11, 1833. 15-*tf.*

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL.

IN addition to his former Stock, is now receiving and offers for sale at his Store, North corner of Market Square, the following, viz:

75 bags prime green COFFEE,
35 hhds. St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. O. Sugar,
Imperial Gunpowder, Souchong and Young Hyson Tea, in half and quarter chests and cannisters, suitable for families,
30 barrels double refined loaf and lump Sugar,
5 do. Louisiana refined ditto,
Choice old Madeira, Sherry, Teneriffe, L. P. and Sicily Madeira, old Muscat and Malaga - - - } WINES,
Superior old Port, Champaigne and Claret,
Old Cognac Brandy (Seignette brand) in pipes and quarter casks, *pure,*
Holland Gin, (Swan brand) old Jamaica Rum and Monongahela Whiskey, of excellent flavor,
15 hhds. N. E Rum,
40 boxes fresh Raisins, bunch and bloom, some in half and quarter boxes,
Soft shell Almonds, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Cayenne Pepper, race Ginger, Cinnamon, Pimento, sweet Oil, superior fresh Mustard in cannisters, pearl Barley, &c
London and Philadelphia Brown Stout Porter, in pint and quart bottles,
Stoughton's Bitters, fresh Lime Juice and Lemon Sirup,
Sweet Chocolate and fine Salt in boxes,
Demijohns assorted sizes, wine and porter Bottles,
100 kegs cut Nails and Brads, assorted sizes from 3d to 40d.
Dupont's Powder, bar Lead and Shot,
75 boxes mould candles, Spermaceti do.
50 sides sole Leather, some small sizes,
10,000 Spanish Segars, Saunders's best chewing Tobacco,
Scotch and Maccaboy Snuff in bottles,
3 ceroons Indigo, Chalk, Copperas, yellow Ochre, Spanish Brown and White,
Saltpetre, Alum, Spirits of Turpentine, Lamp Black, &c. &c. &c.

Fayetteville, N. C., April 16, 1833. 28tf.

NEW BOOKS.

SLADE'S Travels in Turkey and Greece; Waltham, a Tale; Salathiel, by Rev. Geo. Croley; Life of Jonah; Chaperone, by Lady Dacre; Nos. 7 and 8 Scott's Novels; Young Crusoe, being No. 12 Boy's and Girl's Library; Abbott's Young Christian; Memoirs of Rev. J. T. Thomason; Happiness of the Blessed, by Bishop Mant; Scougal's Works.

Just received for sale by E. J. HALE.

July 23, 1833.

Sugar and Coffee.

Just received by Steamboat John Walker.

20 Hhds. SUGAR,
60 bags prime Coffee,

For sale by

THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

Sugar and Coffee.

JUST RECEIVED BY STEAMER JOHN WALKER,

10 Hhds. Porto Rico and New Orleans Sugar,
50 bags green Coffee, for sale by

THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

June 2. 38-tf.

Cape Fear Navigation Company.

DIVIDEND NUMBER 9.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a Dividend of two per cent., or one Dollar per Share, on the Capital Stock of said Company, will be paid at the Office of the Treasurer, on the 10th of April next.

GEO McNEILL, Agent and Treasurer.

Fayetteville, March 19, 1833. 24tf.

The New York Mercury,

IS published every Wednesday at noon and sent off by the evening mails of that day and the morning mails of Thursday. The Mercury is made up of the principal articles of the Journal of Commerce including the review of the market, prices of stocks, &c., but without the ship news or advertisements. It is neatly printed on a very large and beautiful sheet. Price $3 per annum: $5 for one copy two years or $10 for four copies one year, payable always in advance. This paper is admirably calculated for agriculturalists and professional gentlemen and for all families.

The Journal of Commerce,

IS published daily at $10 per annum, and twice a week at $5 per annum, or if paid in advance $4 per annum. Orders must be accompanied with money or a reference, and may be forwarded by mail at the risk of the Editors and without the payment of postage. Subscribers for the Journal of Commerce twice a week and the Mercury, are not received for a less time than one year.

New York, April 2, 1833 41-6w.

Notice.

JUST RECEIVED PER STEAM BOAT HENRIETTA,

35 Hhds. prime Cuba MOLASSES,
20 Hhds. superior Porto Rico ditto,

And for sale by

JONES FULLER.

May 10, 1833. 32tf.

JACKSON HOTEL.

Liberty Point,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE Subscriber tenders his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal encouragement he has heretofore received, and hopes by unceasing assiduity, to merit a greater portion of patronage. He takes pleasure in stating, that he has just erected a splendid Hotel on the spot where he formerly lived. His table, as usual, shall be supplied with the luxuries of the market, and his Bar furnished with Liquors and Wines, not inferior to any Public House in the place. His Stables are also new, well supplied with the best provender, and attended by carefuland skillful Ostlers. His charges will be moderate.

WADDLE CADE.

November 27, 1832. §-8tf.§

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having large and commodious Warehouses in a convenient part of town, and so situated as to be almost entirely out of all danger by fire, would attend to any business connected with the above line on the usual terms, and hopes, by reason of the advantages he may possess in point of security against that destructive element, and his own exertions to give general satisfaction in all cases where business is entrusted to him, to receive a share of public patronage.

HENRY HORN.

N. B. Country Merchants and others consigning Goods and Packages to my care from any of the Northern Cities, or any part of the Country, will meet with prompt attention in having them forwarded to any part of the State or the adjoining counties.

Fayetteville Jan. 1, 1833. (13tf.) H. H.

25 Kegs cut NAILS assorted from 4d t o 20d, just received and for, sale by

J. MUNN.

March 13. 71tf.

NEW STORE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has taken the Store lately erected by Mr. Hooper, on the south side of Person street, a few doors east of Market Square, where he is now receiving and intends keeping constantly on hand, a good supply of the following articles.

Prime green COFFEE,
St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. Orleans SUGAR,
Liverpool and Alum Salt,
Swedes and English Iron,
German and Blister Steel,
Molasses, Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
Nails, Powder, Shot and Lead,
Castings, Axes, Spades and Shovels,
Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope and Twine,
Trace Chains, Halters and Weeding Hoes,
Drugs and Medicines,
Loaf and lump Sugar, Copperas,
Window Glass and Putty; Bellows, Anvils, Vises,
Sole and upper Leather,

DRY GOODS,

CROCKERY, HATS AND SHOES.

COTTON AND WOOL CARDS, &c. &c.

Without further enumeration, his Stock comprises an assortment particularly adapted to the country trade, all of which he is disposed to sell at fair prices for cash or country produce, for which he will at all times pay the highest market prices.

WILL. O. JEFFREYS.

N. B.—Any Commission Business will also meet with prompt attention. W. O. J.

October 9. 1-tf.

Sugar and Coffee.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

ST. Croix and New Orleans SUGARS, in hhds.
Porto-Rico ditto, in bbls.
5 bags sup. old white COFFEE, for family use.

JOHN MUNN.

April 17. 76tf.

FRESH LIME.

200 Casks fresh Thomastown Stone LIME,
Just received, and for sale by

THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Fayetteville, Dec. 18, 1832. 11-tf.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

P. DAILEY,

IS now receiving from New York and Philadelphia, his Fall and Winter supply of Goods, which consists of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware & Cutlery,

HATS, SHOES, IRON, HOLLOW WARE, &c. &c. &c.

All of which he will sell on the most reasonable terms. Country Merchants and others, are invited to call and examine for themselves.

N. B. A good assortment of ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTHS, kept constantly on hand.

15th Oct., 1832 2-tf

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having commenced the above business, solicits a share of patronage. All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded as may be directed. Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business appertaining to a general Commission Agency.

DANIEL DICKSON.

Wilmington, N. C. Sept. 21*st* 1832. 99-tf.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Rail Road.

PURSUANT to the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of North Carolina, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Cape Fear and Yadkin Rail Road Company," the undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the said Act, *Give Notice,* That Books for Subscription to the Capital Stock of the said Company will be opened at the Court House on Tuesday the 8th instant, and continued open at the Bank of Cape Fear in Fayetteville, after that day until farther notice.

DUNCAN MAC RAE,
J. W. WRIGHT,
JOHN H. HALL,
ROBERT STRANGE,
ALEXANDER ELLIOTT. } Commissioners.

Fayetteville, May 7, 1832. 79tf.

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having *for the present*, opened an Office at his Dwelling House, on the corner of Dick and Russell streets, and provided himself with Warehouses in Campbellton, is prepared to carry on his business as usual.

All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded, as may be directed. Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business pertaining to a general commission agency.

He will also attend to the offering for discount, renewal and payment of notes at the different Banks in this place, *to which branch of his business he will pay particular attention,* and flatters himself, that from his general knowledge of the business of the place, he will be able to give satisfaction to his employers.

JOSEPH BAKER.

12,000 Lbs. prime green
10 hhds. Sugar,
10 do. Molasses,

Just received and for sale low for cash or produce, by

HENRY

January 15.

Nails.

Just received from the Boston Iron

100 kegs NAILS, assorted, from

For sale by

THO. SANDFORD

February 19.

Just received from New

And for sale at E. J. Hale's

(THE ONLY AGENT FOR FAYETTE

MORRISON'S PIL

The Hygeian Universal Medic
British College of health

Which, by removing all obstruction
testines; thoroughly cleansing the
more purity to the Blood, and there
its *free circulation*; strikes at the root
es, and is good in all cases, giving
and strength. Price one dollar a

A Servant Wom

TO hire, who may be considered
Apply to

C. P.

June 24, 1833.

A PIANO FORTE for sale. Apply

C. P.

June 24, 1833.

Negroes Wante

THE Subscriber wishes to purcha
likely Young Negroes, for whom
Cash prices will be paid.

NEILL

Fayetteville, Aug. 6—44*tf*

Law Books, &c.

STARKIE on Evidence; Kent's
Chitty on Pleading; do. on Bills
tice and Appendix; Mitford's Pleadin
Ejectment; Chitty's Blackstone; Co
tracts; Saunders on Pleading and E
wyn's Nisi Prius; Maddock's Chancer
variety of other new Books, just re

E.

July 8.

HADLOCK'S

Vegetable Powder for Dis
Lungs.

For sale at the Book Store of

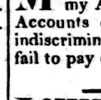
IMPORTANT

***To Physicians, and
Medicines.***

R. MAYNARD &

WHOLESALE DRUG

Person-Street, opposite Willi



ARE now receiving a la
Assortment of DRUGS
PAINTS, DYE STUFFS
MATERIALS, &c. The
the largest that has ever
this Market, and which th
genuine, and are determined to se
possible terms Physicians and Co
are invited to call and examine the
will be promptly attended to. *Pres*
Physicians put up at the shortest notice

Oct. 1.

FOR SALE,

119 KEGS WHITE LEAD, w
102 Gall. Lamp Oil,
2000 lbs. Glauber Salts, 900
200 lbs. Chloride Lime,
1 bale Hops,
1 carboy Aquafortis,
1 do Sulphuric Acid,
7 Hampers Black Bottles,
Linseed, Train and Sweet
Glass 8x10 and 10x12, P
Ink Powder and Liquid
Noyes',
Red and coloured wafes
Syrup Sassaparilla an
Swaim's Panacea, (
Indelible Ink,
Maccasar and Bear's Oil,
Peppermint and Boneset
Chlorine Tooth-wash, a ver
cle for cleansing the Teeth
Osborne's Superior Water
ple and Mahogony
Superior Hair, Clothes, Hat
White-wash Brushes,
Surgeon and Dentist Instru
quality,
Hull's, Eberlee's and comm
Shop Furniture, Crucibles,
vaporating Dishes,
Patent Medicines, (a large
ALSO,
Almonds, Raisins, Filberts &
nuts.

R. MAYNARD

October 2.

NOTICE.

MR. DANIEL SUTHERLAND,
my Agent for the collection of
Accounts due to me, with instruction
indiscriminately, by legal process.
fail to pay on first application.

WM. L.

I OFFER for sale at my Store,
Market Square, Person-st., *wholesale*
Sole and Upper Leather,
Skirting and Harness do.
Hog Skins,
Best Philadelphia Calf Skins,
Cochineal, Blue and Black Coach
Facing, Padding and Shoe Lining
Common and Coarse Shoes, by the
tail,
Fine and Wool Hats,
Shoe Thread, and Black Varnish,
Men's Shoe Lasts, assorted,
Together with a general assortment of

Sugar and Coff

JUST received, by the late arrivals,
GOODS
Which we offer on very accommodating
10 Hhds. Porto Rico and New Orle
bright and a good grain,
3 do. and 10 bbls. Copperas,
2 do. Jamaica 4th proof Rum,
30 bags high scented Rio Coffee,
20 do. Porto Rico do.
35 do. St. Domingo do.
10 bbls. Jamaica do.
10 Bags Pepper and Spice,
5 quarter Cassia Sweet Malaga Wine
5 do. Marseilles Madeira
3 do. Teneriffe
50 Kegs Cut Nails, assorted,
20 bbls. N. E. Rum,
10 do. Apple Brandy, very prime,
Cotton Baggin, Saltpetre, Alum
WILKINS

Fayetteville, October 22, 1832.